

September 2020 No. OCH755

SERVICE MANUAL R410A

Outdoor unit	
[Model Name]	[Service ref.]
PUHZ-SW75VHA	PUHZ-SW75VHAR6
PUHZ-SW100VHA	PUHZ-SW100VHAR6
PUHZ-SW120VHA	PUHZ-SW120VHAR6
PUHZ-SW100YHA	PUHZ-SW100YHAR6
PUHZ-SW120YHA	PUHZ-SW120YHAR6

Note:
 This manual describes
service data of the outdoor
units only.



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PARTS CATALOG (OCB755)

PUHZ-SW75VHAR6

INDOOR UNIT SERVICE MANUAL

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Mode	el name	Service ref. Service man		
EHST20C-VM6HB EHST20C-YM9HB EHST20C-TM9HB EHST20C-VM2B	EHST20C-VM6B EHST20C-YM9B EHST20C-VM6EB EHST20C-VM6EB EHST20C-VM6SB	EHST20C-VM6HB.UK EHST20C-YM9HB.UK EHST20C-TM9HB.UK EHST20C-VM2B.UK	EHST20C-VM6B.UK EHST20C-YM9B.UK EHST20C-VM6EB.UK EHST20C-YM9EB.UK EHST20C-VM6SB.UK	OCH531/OCB531
EHSC-VM2B EHSC-VM6B EHSC-YM9B EHSC-TM9B	EHSC-VM6EB EHSC-YM9EB ERSC-VM2B	EHSC-VM2B.UK EHSC-VM6B.UK EHSC-YM9B.UK EHSC-TM9B.UK	EHSC-VM6EB.UK EHSC-YM9EB.UK ERSC-VM2B.UK	OCH532/OCB532
EHST20C-VM2C EHST20C-VM6C EHST20C-YM9C EHST20C-TM9C EHST20C-VM2EC EHST20C-VM6EC EHST20C-YM9EC EHST20C-MHCW EHST20C-MEC ERST20C-VM2C ERST20C-MEC	EHST20D-VM2C EHST20D-VM2EC EHST20D-YM9C EHST20D-MHCW EHST20D-MEC EHST20D-MHC ERST20D-VM2C ERST20D-MEC	EHST20C-VM2C(R2).UK EHST20C-VM6C(R2).UK EHST20C-YM9C(R2).UK EHST20C-TM9C(R2).UK EHST20C-VM2EC(R2).UK EHST20C-VM6EC(R2).UK EHST20C-YM9EC(R2).UK EHST20C-MHCW(R2).UK EHST20C-MEC(R2).UK ERST20C-VM2C(R2).UK	EHST20D-VM2C(R2).UK EHST20D-VM2EC(R2).UK EHST20D-YM9C(R2).UK EHST20D-MHCW(R2).UK EHST20D-MEC(R2).UK EHST20D-MHC(R2).UK ERST20D-VM2C(R2).UK ERST20D-MEC(R2).UK	OCH570/OCB570
EHSC-MEC EHSC-VM2C EHSC-VM2EC EHSC-VM6C EHSC-VM6EC EHSC-YM9C EHSC-YM9EC EHSC-TM9C ERSC-MEC ERSC-MEC ERSC-VM2C	EHSD-MC EHSD-MEC EHSD-VM2C EHSD-YM9C ERSD-VM2C	EHSC-MEC(R2).UK EHSC-VM2C(R2).UK EHSC-VM2EC(R2).UK EHSC-VM6C(R2).UK EHSC-VM6EC(R2).UK EHSC-YM9C(R2).UK EHSC-YM9EC(R2).UK EHSC-TM9C(R2).UK ERSC-MEC(R2).UK ERSC-MEC(R2).UK	EHSD-MC(R1/R2).UK EHSD-MEC(R2).UK EHSD-VM2C(R2).UK EHSD-YM9C(R2).UK ERSD-VM2C(R2).UK	OCH571/OCB571
EHSC-MED EHSC-VM2D EHSC-VM6D EHSC-YM9D EHSC-YM9ED EHSC-TM9D	ERSC-MED ERSC-VM2D ERSC-VM6D ERSC-YM9D	EHSC-MED.UK EHSC-VM2D.UK EHSC-VM6D.UK EHSC-YM9D.UK EHSC-YM9ED.UK EHSC-TM9D.UK	ERSC-MED.UK ERSC-VM2D.UK ERSC-VM6D.UK ERSC-YM9D.UK	OCH712/OCB712
EHST20C-MED EHST20C-VM2D EHST20C-VM6D EHST20C-YM9D EHST20C-YM9D EHST20C-TM9D ERST20C-VM2D ERST20C-VM6D ERST20C-VM6D ERST20C-YM9D	EHST30C-MED EHST30C-VM6ED EHST30C-YM9ED EHST30C-TM9ED ERST30C-VM2ED ERST30C-VM6ED ERST30C-YM9ED	EHST20C-MED(R1).UK EHST20C-VM2D(R1).UK EHST20C-VM6D(R1).UK EHST20C-YM9D(R1).UK EHST20C-YM9ED(R1).UK EHST20C-TM9D(R1).UK ERST20C-VM2D(R1).UK ERST20C-VM6DR1.UK ERST20C-YM9DR1.UK	EHST30C-MED(R1).UK EHST30C-VM6ED(R1).UK EHST30C-YM9ED(R1).UK EHST30C-TM9ED(R1).UK ERST30C-VM2ED(R1).UK ERST30C-VM6EDR1.UK ERST30C-YM9EDR1.UK	OCH714/OCB714

2-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

Preparation before the repair service.

• Prepare the proper tools.

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- Prepare the proper protectors.
- Provide adequate ventilation.
- After stopping the operation of the air conditioner, turn off the power-supply breaker.
- Discharge the condenser before the work involving the electric parts.

Precautions during the repair service.

- Do not perform the work involving the electric parts with wet hands.
- Do not pour water into the electric parts.
- Do not touch the refrigerant.
- Do not touch the hot or cold areas in the refrigerating cycle.
 When the repair or the inspection of the circuit needs to be done without turning off the power,
- exercise great caution not to touch the live parts.

2-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

Use new refrigerant pipes.

In the case of using the existing pipes for R22, be careful with the following:

- · Be sure to perform replacement operation before test run.
- Change flare nut to the one provided with this product.
 Use a newly flared pipe.
- Use a newly liared pipe.
- \cdot Avoid using thin pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contamination such as sulfur hazardous for use, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc.

In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Store the piping indoors, and both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Use ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil (small amount) as the refrigerant oil applied to flares and flange connections.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A				
Gauge manifold	Flare tool			
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge			
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor			
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant			
	charging scale			

Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Use the specified refrigerant only.

Never use any refrigerant other than that specified. Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of. Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products. We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure, system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.

[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) If moisture or foreign matter might have entered the refrigerant piping during service, ensure to remove them.

[2] Additional refrigerant charge

- When charging directly from cylinder
- (1) Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is a syphon type.
- (2) Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)



[3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
1	Gauge manifold	· Only for R410A
		· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		· Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3 MPa·G or over.
2	Charge hose	· Only for R410A
		· Use pressure performance of 5.09 MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic weighing scale	_
(4)	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base	_
0	Refrigerant cylinder	· Only for R410A · Top of cylinder (Pink)
		· Cylinder with syphon
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	_

2-3. PRECAUTIONS WHEN REUSING EXISTING R22 REFRIGERANT PIPES Flowchart

- Refer to the flowchart below to determine if the existing pipes can be used and if it is necessary to use a filter dryer.
- If the diameter of the existing pipes is different from the specified diameter, refer to technical data materials to confirm if the pipes can be used.



Cautions for refrigerant piping work

New refrigerant R410A is adopted for replacement inverter series. Although the refrigerant piping work for R410A is same as for R22, exclusive tools are necessary so as not to mix with different kind of refrigerant. Furthermore as the working pressure of R410A is 1.6 times higher than that of R22, their sizes of flared sections and flare nuts are different.

① Thickness of pipes

Because the working pressure of R410A is higher compared to R22, be sure to use refrigerant piping with thickness shown below. (Never use pipes of 0.7mm or below.)

0 1	0		
Nominal	Outside	Thickness (mm)	
dimensions(inch)	diameter (mm)	R410A	R22
1/4	6.35	0.8	0.8
3/8	9.52	0.8	0.8
1/2	12.70	0.8	0.8
5/8	15.88	1.0	1.0
3/4	19.05	_	1.0

② Dimensions of flare cutting and flare nut

The component molecules in HFC refrigerant are smaller compared to conventional refrigerants. In addition to that, R410A is a refrigerant, which has higher risk of leakage because its working pressure is higher than that of other refrigerants. Therefore, to enhance airtightness and strength, flare cutting dimension of copper pipe for R410A has been specified separately from the dimensions for other refrigerants as shown below. The dimension B of flare nut for R410A also has partly been changed to increase strength as shown below. Set copper pipe correctly referring to copper pipe flaring dimensions for R410A below. For 1/2 and 5/8 inch pipes, the dimension B changes. Use torque wrench corresponding to each dimension.





Flare cutting dimensions (mm)			sions (mm) Flare nut dimensions			(mm)				
Nominal	Outside	Dimension A (+0 -0.4)		Dimension A (+0 -0.4)]	Nominal	Outside	Dimen	ision B
dimensions(inch)	diameter	R410A	R22		dimensions(inch)	diameter	R410A	R22		
1/4	6.35	9.1	9.0]	1/4	6.35	17.0	17.0		
3/8	9.52	13.2	13.0	1	3/8	9.52	22.0	22.0		
1/2	12.70	16.6	16.2	1	1/2	12.70	26.0	24.0		
5/8	15.88	19.7	19.4	1	5/8	15.88	29.0	27.0		
3/4	19.05	—	23.3]	3/4	19.05	—	36.0		

③ Tools for R410A (The following table shows whether conventional tools can be used or not.)

Tools and materials	Use	R410A tools	Can R22 tools be used?	Can R407C tools be used?
Gauge manifold	Air purge, refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	X	X
Charge hose	and operation check	Tool exclusive for R410A	X	X
Gas leak detector	Gas leak check	Tool for HFC refrigerant	× ×	<u> </u>
	Refrigerant recovery	Tool exclusive for R410A	X	X
Refrigerant cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	X	× ×
,	<u> </u>			
Applied oil	Apply to flared section	Ester oil and alkylbenzene oil (minimum amount)	×	Ester oil: O Alkylbenzene oil: minimum amount
Safety charger	Prevent compressor malfunction when charging refrigerant by spraying liquid refrigerant	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Charge valve	Prevent gas from blowing out when detaching charge hose	Tool exclusive for R410A	×	×
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying and air purge	Tools for other refrigerants can be used if equipped with adap- ter for reverse flow check	△ (Usable if equipped with adapter for rever- se flow)	△ (Usable if equipped with adapter for rever- se flow)
Flare tool	Flaring work of piping	Tools for other refrigerants can be used by adjusting flaring dimension	flaring dimension)	△ (Usable by adjusting flaring dimension)
Bender	Bend the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Pipe cutter	Cut the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Welder and nitrogen gas cylinder	Weld the pipes	Tools for other refrigerants can be used	0	0
Refrigerant charging scale		Tools for other refrigerants can be used		Ō
Vacuum gauge or thermis-	Check the degree of vacuum. (Vacuum	Tools for other refrigerants		0
tor vacuum gauge and	valve prevents back flow of oil and refri-	can be used		
vacuum valve	gerant to thermistor vacuum gauge)			
Charging cylinder	Refrigerant charge	Tool exclusive for R410A	Х	—

imes : Prepare a new tool. (Use the new tool as the tool exclusive for R410A.)

 \triangle : Tools for other refrigerants can be used under certain conditions.

○ : Tools for other refrigerants can be used.





PUHZ-SW75VHA



PUHZ-SW100VHA PUHZ-SW100YHA PUHZ-SW120VHA PUHZ-SW120YHA

CHARGELESS SYSTEM PRE-CHARGED REFRIGERANT IS SUPPLIED FOR PIPING LENGTH AT SHIPMENT. (Maximum 10 m (PUHZ-SW75–120))

The refrigerant circuit with LEV (Linear Expansion Valve) and accumulator always control the optimal refrigerant level regardless of the length (10 m maximum and 5 m minimum) of piping. The additional refrigerant charging work during installation often causes problems. Heretofore it is completely eliminated. This unique system improves the quality and reliability of the work done. It also helps to speed up the installation time.

SPECIFICATIONS

<Reference data> Plate heat exchanger (ACH70-40 plates)

PUHZ-SW75VHAR6

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PUHZ-SW120VHAR6

PUHZ-SW120YHAR6

Nominal water flow		L/min	22.9	Nominal wate	Nominal water flow		45.9	
Heating	Capacity	kW	8.00	Heating	Capacity	kW	16.0	
(A7/W35)	COP	·	4.40	(A7/W35)	COP		4.10	
	Power input	kW	1.82		Power input	kW	3.90	
Heating	Capacity	kW	8.00	Heating	Capacity	kW	16.0	
(A7/W45)	COP	·	3.40 (A7/W45)	COP		3.23		
	Power input	kW	2.35		Power input	kW	4.95	
Heating	Capacity	kW	7.50	Heating	Capacity	kW	12.0	
(A2/W35)	COP	·	3.40	(A2/W35)	COP		3.24	
	Power input	kW	2.20		Power input	kW	3.70	
Heating	Capacity	kW	7.50 Heating		Capacity	kW	12.0	
(A2/W45)	COP		2.83	(A2/W45)	COP		2.52	
	Power input	kW	2.65		Power input	kW	4.76	
Nominal wate	er flow	L/min	18.9	Nominal wate	r flow	L/min	35.8	
Cooling	Capacity	kW	6.60	Cooling	Capacity	kW	12.5	
(A35/W7)	EER		2.82	(A35/W7)	EER		2.32	
	Power input	kW	2.34		Power input	kW	5.39	
Cooling	Capacity	kW	7.10	Cooling	Capacity	kW	14.0	
(A35/W18)	EER	EER		(A35/W18)	EER		4.08	
	Power input	kW	1.60	71	Power input	kW	3.43	

PUHZ-SW100VHAR6

PUHZ-SW100YHAR6

Nominal wate	r flow	L/min	32.1	Rating conditions			
Heating	Capacity	kW	11.2	Nominal operating condition			
(A7/W35)	COP		4.45	4 45 Heating (A7/W35)			
		1.3.67	-	Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C		
	Power input	kW	2.51	Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C		
Heating (A7/W45)	Capacity	kW	11.2	Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 30°C/+ 35°C		
(~~~~~~)	COP		3.42	Heating (A7/W45)			
	Power input	kW	3.27	Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 7°C		
Heating	Capacity	kW	10.0	Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 6°C		
(A2/W35)	COP		3.32	Water temperature (inlet/outlet) + 40°C			
		1.1.07		Heating (A2/W35)			
	Power input	kW	3.01	Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C		
Heating (A2/W45)	Capacity	kW	10.0	Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C		
(A2/VV45)	COP		2.66	Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 30°C/+ 35°C		
	Power input	kW	3.76	Heating (A2/W45)			
Nominal wate	r flow	L/min	26.1	Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 2°C		
Cooling	Capacity	kW	9.10	Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 1°C		
(A35/W7)				Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 40°C/+ 45°C		
	EER		2.75	Cooling (A35/W7)			
	Power input	kW	3.31	Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 35°C		
Cooling	Capacity	kW	10.0	Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C		
(A35/W18)	EER		4.35	Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 12°C/+ 7°C		
	Power input	kW	2.30	Cooling (A35/W18)			
			2.00	Outside air temperature (Dry-bulb)	+ 35°C		
Note: "COP" a	nd "Power input" i	n the abov	e table do <u>NOT</u>	Outside air temperature (Wet-bulb)	+ 24°C		
contain the "pun	np input (based on E	N 14511)".		Water temperature (inlet/outlet)	+ 23°C/+ 18°C		

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<u> </u>						PUHZ-SW				
Se	ervice Ref.			75VHAR6	100VHAR6	120VHAR6	100YHAR6	120YHAR6		
	Power source (Phase, cycle, voltage)			Singl	Single 50 Hz, 230 V 3-Pha			Phase 50 Hz, 400 V		
	Max. current A		17.0	29.5	29.5	13.0	13.0			
	External finish				Mun	sell 3Y 7.8/1.1				
	Refrigerant contro	I			Linear	Expansion Valve	;			
	Compressor					Hermetic				
		Model		SNB220FAGMC-L1	ANB33FNEMT	ANB42FNEMT	ANB33FNDMT	ANB42FNDMT		
		Motor output	kW	1.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5		
		Starter type				Inverter				
		Protection device		HP switch Comp. surface thermo Discharge thermo Overcurrent detection		HP switch LP switch Comp. surface thermo Discharge thermo Over current detection				
2	Crankcase heater		W							
8	Heat exchanger		Plate fin coil							
ĕ	Fan	Fan (drive) × No		Propeller fan x 1	Propeller fan x 2					
OUTDOOR		Fan motor output	kW	0.074 0.074+0.074		+0.074				
0		Airflow	m³/min (CFM)	55 (1,940) 100 (3,353)						
	Defrost method	1		Reverse cycle						
	Noise level	Cooling	dB	48	50	51	50	51		
		Heating	dB	51	54	54	54	54		
	Dimensions	W	mm (in)			0 (37-13/32)				
		D	mm (in)		330+	30 (13+1-3/16)				
		H	mm (in)	943 (37-1/8)		,	(53-1/8)			
	Weight		kg (lb)	75 (166)	118	(261)	130(287)		
	Refrigerant					R410A				
		/ chargeless	kg (lb)	3.2 (7.0)		-	(10.1)			
	Oil (Moo	- /	L	0.60 (FV50S)		- (FV50S)			
g	Pipe size OD	Liquid	mm (in)			9.52 (3/8)				
pipi		Gas	mm (in)			15.88 (5/8)				
ant	Connection	Indoor side				Flared				
ger	method	Outdoor side				Flared				
Refrigerant piping	Between the	Height difference	e		Ma	iximum 30 m				
ĽĽ	indoor & outdoor	Piping length		2 to 40 m		2 to	75 m			

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DATA

5-1. REFILLING REFRIGERANT CHARGE (R410A : kg)

Service Ref.	Piping length (one way)						Initial	
Service Rei.	10 m	20 m	30 m	40 m	50 m	60 m	75 m	charge
PUHZ-SW75VHAR6	3.2	3.35	3.5	4.1			_	3.2
PUHZ-SW100V/YHAR6	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.6	6.2	6.8	7.5	4.6
PUHZ-SW120V/YHAR6	4.6	4.8	5.0	5.6	6.2	6.8	7.5	4.6

Additional charge is required for pipes longer than 10 m.

5-2. COMPRESSOR TECHNICAL DATA

(Winding temperature at 20°C)

Service Ref.		PUHZ-SW75VHAR6	PUHZ-SW100VHAR6	PUHZ-SW120VHAR6	PUHZ-SW100YHAR6	PUHZ-SW120YHAR6
Compressor mo	odel	SNB220FAGMC-L1	ANB33FNEMT	ANB42FNEMT	ANB33FNDMT	ANB42FNDMT
	U-V	0.95	0.1	19	0.30	
Winding Resistance (Ω)	U-W	0.95	0.1	19	0.30	
	W-V 0.95 0.19		0.30			

5-3. NOISE CRITERION CURVES

PUHZ-SW75VHAR6



OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS

PUHZ-SW75VHAR6

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Unit : mm

PUHZ-SW100VHAR6

PUHZ-SW120VHAR6

Unit : mm

LEFT...POWER SUPPLY WIRING, RIGHT..INDOOR/OUTDOOR WIRING, ٩ 0f REAR PIPING COVER Σ FRONT PIPING COVER, TERMINAL CONNECTIONS 2-U SHAPED NOTCHED HOLES (FOUNDATION BOLT M10) 5801 HANDLE FOR MOVING 2-12×36 OVAL HOLES (FOUNDATION BOLT M10) SERVICE PANEL Z۱t L77 1.* 025 (61) 82 627 ١.* 95[>] ↓7 DRAIN HOLE (\sim) Ē ίZ \mathbb{O} \Box 73 剾 BOTTOM PIPING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT) EARTH TERMINAL -INSTALLATION FEET 145 145 600 950 145 REAR AIR INTAKE AIR DISCHARGE 322 220 ίuu 175 E ЭÖ 53 055 529 LLE SIDE AIR INTAKE HANDLE FOR MOVING 1320 \bigcirc PIPING and WIRING CONNECTIONS Can be made from 4 directions: Front, Right, rear, and below. Ω**Γ** 4 PIPING-WIRING DIRECTIONS Ē HANDLE FOR MOVING HANDLE FOR MOVING SIDE AIR INTAKE POWER SUPPLY WIRING HOLE (2-\$27KNOCK-OUT) REAR TRUNKING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT) REAR PIPING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT) Please secure the UNIT FIRMLY WITH 4 Foundation (MIO) Bolts. Bolts and Washers Must Be Purchased Locally.) **3 FOUNDATION BOLTS** 0 <FOUNDATION BOLT HEIGHT> c 5 ľ æ 40 POWER SUPPLY WIRING HOLE (2-#27KNOCK-OUT) RIGHT TRUNKING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT) NAHT 223_ Here all 2015 REAR AIR INTAKE DIMENSIONS OF SPACE NEEDED FOR SERVICE ACCESS ARE SHOWN IN THE BELOW DIAGRAM. 2 SERVICE SPACE | 005 00ER • 0 Щ 61 <u>6</u>67 OVER 2002 RIGHT PIPING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT) 18 HANDLE FOR MOVING AIR INTAKE SERVICE SPACE PIPING KNOCK-OUT HOLE DETAILS 0 NOTES #1...INDICATION OF STOP VALVE CONNECTION LOCATION. THE DIAGRAM BELOW SHOWS A BASIC EXAMPLE. EXPLANATION OF PARTICULAR DETALS ARE GIVEN IN THE INSTALLATION MANUALS ETC. 1 FREE SPACE (AROUND THE UNIT) POWER SUPPLY WIRING HOLE (2-#27KNOCK-OUT) ΈΖ 22 <u>3</u>5 \$97 C 10 (45 CONNECTION (FLARE)#15.88 (5/8F) CONNECTION (FLARE)#9.52 (3/8F) UL O 40+ 15 OVER 150mm 2) · · · REFRIGERANT LIQUID PIPE (1) · · · REFRIGERANT GAS PIPE 92 EXAMPLE (333 FRONT TRUNKING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT) FRONT PIPING HOLE (KNOCK-OUT) OVER TOOMIN OVER TOWN

PUHZ-SW100YHAR6

PUHZ-SW120YHAR6

Unit : mm



PUHZ-SW75VHAR6

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SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME
TB1	Terminal Block <power indoor="" outdoor="" supply,=""></power>	C.B.	Controller Circuit Board
MC	Motor for Compressor	F1, F2, F3, F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>
MF1	Fan Motor	SW1	Switch <manual defect="" defrost,="" history="" record="" reset,<="" td=""></manual>
21S4	Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve)	3001	Refrigerant Address>
63H	High Pressure Switch	SW4	Switch <function switch=""></function>
63HS	High Pressure Sensor	SW5	Switch <function model="" select="" switch,=""></function>
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>	SW7	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH6	Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe>	SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>	SW9	Switch <function switch=""></function>
TH8	Thermistor <heat sink=""></heat>	SWP	Switch <pump down=""></pump>
TH34	Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.>	CNDM	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
LEV-A, LEV-B	Linear Expansion Valve	SV1/CH	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
ACL	Reactor	SV3/SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
CY1, CY2	Capacitor	CNM	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>
P.B.	Power Circuit Board		





OCH755

PUHZ-SW100VHAR6

PUHZ-SW120VHAR6

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SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME	SYMBOL	NAME	
TB1	Terminal Block < Power	TH7	Thermistor <ambient></ambient>	SW5	Switch <function model="" select="" switch,=""></function>	Í
ю	Supply, Indoor/Outdoor>	TH8	Thermistor internal <heat sink=""></heat>	SW6	Switch <model select=""></model>	
MC	Motor for Compressor	TH34	Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.>	SW7	Switch <function switch=""></function>	*
MF1, MF2	Fan Motor	LEV-A, LEV-B	Linear Expansion Valve	SW8	Switch <function switch=""></function>	_
21S4	Solenoid Valve (4-Way Valve)	DCL	Reactor	SW9	Switch <function switch=""></function>	1
63H	High Pressure Switch	CY1, CY2	Capacitor	SWP	Switch <pump down=""></pump>	i I
63L	Low Pressure Switch	P. B.	Power Circuit Board	CNDM	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>	i I
63HS	High Pressure Sensor	C. B.	Controller Circuit Board	SV1/CH	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>	i F
TH3	Thermistor <liquid></liquid>	SW1	Switch < Manual Defrost, Defect History	SV3/SS	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>	í I
TH4	Thermistor <discharge></discharge>	3001	Record Reset, Refrigerant Address>	CNM	Connector <connection for="" option=""></connection>	1
TH6	Thermistor <2-Phase Pipe>	SW4	Switch <function switch=""></function>	F1, F2, F3, F4	Fuse <t6.3al250v></t6.3al250v>	*2





~/N 230V 50Hz

PUHZ-SW100YHAR6

PUHZ-SW120YHAR6





OCH755

WIRING SPECIFICATIONS

FIELD ELECTRICAL WIRING (power wiring specifications)

Outdoor mo	odel name		SW75V	SW100V	SW120V	SW100, 120Y
Outdoor unit power supply		~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	~/N (single), 50 Hz, 230 V	3N~ (3 ph 4-wires), 50 Hz, 400 V	
Outdoor un	it input capacity Main switch (Breaker)	*1	25 A	32 A	40 A	16 A
× ×	Outdoor unit power supply		3 × Min 2.5	3 × Min 4	3 × Min 6	5 × Min 1.5
Wiring ire No. ze (mm	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit	*2	3 × 1.5 (Polar)	3 × 1.5 (Polar)	3 × 1.5 (Polar)	3 × 1.5 (Polar)
Wir Wire size (Indoor unit-Outdoor unit earth	*2	1 × Min 1.5	1 × Min 1.5	1 × Min 1.5	1 × Min 1.5
si, <	Remote controller-Indoor unit	*3	2 × 0.3 (Non-polar)	2 × 0.3 (Non-polar)	2 × 0.3 (Non-polar)	2 × 0.3 (Non-polar)
rating	Outdoor unit L-N (single) Outdoor unit L1-N, L2-N, L3-N (3 phase)	*4	230 VAC	230 VAC	230 VAC	230 VAC
i i i	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit S1-S2	*4	230 VAC	230 VAC	230 VAC	230 VAC
	Indoor unit-Outdoor unit S2-S3	*4	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
0	Remote controller-Indoor unit	*4	12 VDC	12 VDC	12 VDC	12 VDC

*1. A breaker with at least 3.0 mm contact separation in each pole shall be provided. Use earth leakage breaker (NV).

Make sure that the current leakage breaker is one compatible with higher harmonics.

Always use a current leakage breaker that is compatible with higher harmonics as this unit is equipped with an inverter.

The use of an inadequate breaker can cause the incorrect operation of inverter.

*2. Maximum 45 m

If 2.5 mm² is used, maximum 50 m.

If 2.5 mm² is used and S3 is separated, maximum 80 m.

*3. The 10 m wire is attached in the remote controller accessory.

*4. The figures are NOT always against the ground.

S3 terminal has 24 VDC against S2 terminal. However between S3 and S1, these terminals are NOT electrically insulated by the transformer or other device.

Notes: 1. Wiring size must comply with the applicable local and national codes.

- 2. Power supply cables and the cables between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cables. (Design 60245 IEC 57)
- 3. Be sure to connect the cables between Interface unit/Flow temp. controller and outdoor unit directly to the units (no intermediate connections are allowed).

Intermediate connections may result in communication errors. If water enters at the intermediate connection point, it may cause insufficient insulation to ground or a poor electrical contact.

(If an intermediate connection is necessary, be sure to take measures to prevent water from entering the cables.)

- 4. Install an earth longer than power cables.
- 5. Do not construct a system with a power supply that is turned ON and OFF frequently.



⚠ Warning:

In the case of A-control wiring, there is high voltage potential on the S3 terminal caused by electrical circuit design that has no electrical insulation between power line and communication signal line. Therefore, please turn off the main power supply when servicing. And do not touch the S1, S2, S3 terminals when the power is energized. If isolator should be used between indoor unit and outdoor unit, please use 3-pole type.

Never splice the power cable or the Interface unit/Flow temp. controller - outdoor unit connection cable, otherwise it may result in smoke emission, a fire or communication failure.

REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

PUHZ-SW75VHAR6

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Symbol	Part name	Detail		
COMP	Compressor	DC inverter twin rotary compressor (Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)		
Muffler	Muffler	Discharge muffler		
H/P SW	High pressure switch (63H)	For protection (OFF: 4.15MPa)		
REV/V	Reversing (4-way) valve (21S4)	Change the refrigerant circuit (Heating / Cooling) and for Defrosting		
Charge plug	Charge plug	High pressure / Low pressure		
P-Sensor	Pressure sensor (63HS)	For calculation of the condensing temperature from high pressure		
LEV-A	Linear expansion valve -A	Heating: Secondary LEV Cooling: Primary LEV		
LEV-B	Linear expansion valve -B	Heating: Primary LEV Cooling: Secondary LEV		
TH3	Liquid temperature thermistor	Heating: Evaporating temperature Cooling: Subcooled liquid temperature		
TH4	Discharge temperature thermistor	For LEV control and for compressor protection		
TH6	2-phase pipe temperature thermistor	Outdoor 2-phase pipe temperature		
TH7	Ambient temperature thermistor	For fan control and for compressor frequency control		
TH34	Comp. surface temperature thermistor	For compressor protection		
Power Receiver	Power Receiver	For accumulation of refrigerant		

OCH755

PUHZ-SW100VHAR6 PUHZ-SW120VHAR6

PUHZ-SW100YHAR6 PUHZ-SW120YHAR6

unit: mm



Symbol	Part name	Detail
COMP	Compressor	DC inverter scroll compressor (Mitsubishi Electric Corporation)
Muffler	Muffler	Discharge muffler
H/P SW	High pressure switch (63H)	For protection (OFF: 4.15MPa)
L/P SW	Low pressure switch (63L)	For protection (OFF: -0.03MPa)
REV/V	Reversing (4-way) valve (21S4)	Change the refrigerant circuit (Heating / Cooling) and for Defrosting
Charge plug	Charge plug	High pressure / Low pressure
P-Sensor	Pressure sensor (63HS)	For calculation of the condensing temperature from high pressure
LEV-A	Linear expansion valve -A	Heating: Secondary LEV Cooling: Primary LEV
LEV-B	Linear expansion valve -B	Heating: Primary LEV Cooling: Secondary LEV
TH3	Liquid temperature thermistor	Heating: Evaporating temperature Cooling :Subcooled liquid temperature
TH4	Discharge temperature thermistor	For LEV control and for compressor protection
TH6	2-phase pipe temperature thermistor	Outdoor 2-phase pipe temperature
TH7	Ambient temperature thermistor	For fan control and for compressor frequency control
TH34	Comp. surface temperature thermistor	For compressor protection
Power Receiver	Power Receiver	For accumulation of refrigerant

9-1. REFRIGERANT COLLECTING (PUMP DOWN)

When relocating or disposing of the indoor/outdoor unit, pump down the system following the procedure below so that no refrigerant is released into the atmosphere.

- ① Turn off the power supply (circuit breaker).
- ② Connect the low pressure valve on the gauge manifold to the charge plug (low pressure side) on the outdoor unit.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ $\ensuremath{}$ $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ \ensuremath{\textcircled{}} $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ \ensuremath{\textcircled{}} $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ \ensuremath{\textcircled{}} \ensuremath{\textcircled{}} $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ \ensuremath{\textcircled{}} $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ \ensuremath{\textcircled{}} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\textcircled{}} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{}} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{}} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{}} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{}} \ensuremath{\ensu
- ④ Supply power (circuit breaker).
 - Even if power can be supplied, the pump down procedure cannot be completed depending on the unit's status. For more information, refer to the FTC Installation Manual or Service Manual.
 - Startup of the indoor-outdoor communication takes about 3 minutes after the power (circuit breaker) is turned on. Start the pump-down operation 3 to 4 minutes after the power (circuit breaker) is turned on.
- ^⑤ Perform the refrigerant collecting operation (cooling test run).
 - Push the pump-down SWP switch (push-button type) on the control board of the outdoor unit. The compressor and ventilators (indoor and outdoor units) start operating (refrigerant collecting operation begins). (LED1 and LED2 on the control board of the outdoor unit are lit.)
 - Only push the pump-down SWP switch if the unit is stopped. However, even if the unit is stopped and the pump-down SWP switch is pushed less than 3 minutes after the compressor stops, the refrigerant collecting operation cannot be performed. Wait until the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes and then push the pump-down SWP switch again.
- ⑥ Fully close the ball valve on the gas pipe side of the outdoor unit when the pressure gauge on the gauge manifold shows 0.05 to 0 MPa [Gauge] (approx. 0.5 to 0 kgf/cm²) and quickly stop the air conditioner.
 - Since the unit automatically stops in about 3 minutes when the refrigerant collecting operation is completed (LED1 off, LED2 lit), be sure to quickly close the gas ball valve. However, if LED1 is lit, LED2 is off, and the unit is stopped, open the liquid stop valve completely, close the valve completely after 3 minutes or more have passed, and then repeat step (5). (Open the gas ball valve completely.)
 - If the refrigerant collecting operation has been completed normally (LED1 off, LED2 lit), the unit will remain stopped until the power supply is turned off.
 - Note that when the extension piping is very long with a large refrigerant amount, it may not be possible to perform a pumpdown operation. In this case, use refrigerant recovery equipment to collect all of the refrigerant in the system.
- ⑦ Turn off the power supply (circuit breaker), remove the gauge manifold, and then disconnect the refrigerant pipes.

△ Warning:

When pumping down the refrigerant, stop the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipes.

• If the refrigerant pipes are disconnected while the compressor is operating and the stop valve (ball valve) is open, the pressure in the refrigeration cycle could become extremely high if air is drawn in, causing the pipes to burst, personal injury, etc.

9-2. UNIT REPLACEMENT OPERATION

When reusing the existing pipes that carried R22 refrigerant, replacement operation must be performed before performing a test run.

① If new pipes are used, these procedures are not necessary.

② If existing pipes that carried R22 refrigerant are used, these procedures are not necessary. (The replacement operation cannot be performed.)

③ During replacement operation, "C5" is displayed on "A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)".

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10-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

<Check code displayed by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past check codes are logged, and they can be displayed on the control board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service, which depends on whether or not the trouble is reoccurring in the field, are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Check code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trouble is reconsurring	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "10-2. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE".
The trouble is reoccurring.	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble.
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	 Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise, etc. Re- check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring, etc. Reset check code logs and restart the unit after finishing service. There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, etc.
	Not logged	 Re-check the abnormal symptom. Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble. Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained. There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, etc.

10-2. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

<Abnormalities detected when the power is turned on>

Note: Refer to indoor unit section for code P and code E.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method		Judgment and action
None	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause ① No voltage is supplied to terminal block (TB1) of outdoor unit. a) Power supply breaker is turned off. b) Contact failure or disconnection of power supply terminal c) Open phase (L or N phase) ② Electric power is not charged to power supply terminal of outdoor power circuit board. a) Contact failure of power supply terminal b) Open phase on the outdoor power circuit board SW75V: Disconnection of connector R or S SW100/120V: Disconnection of connector LI or NI ③ Electric power is not supplied to outdoor controller circuit board. a) Disconnection of connector (CNDC) ④ Disconnection of reactor (DCL or ACL) ⑤ Disconnection of outdoor noise filter circuit board or parts failure in outdoor noise filter circuit board It is especially needed to check the resistance RS on the noise filter circuit board. ⑤ Defective outdoor power circuit board	 Judgment and action Check following items. a) Power supply breaker b) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1) c) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1) Check following items. a) Connection of power supply terminal block (TB1) b) Connection of terminal on outdoor power circuit board SW75V: Check connection of the connector R or S. Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". SW100/120V: Check connection of the connector LI or NI. Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check connection of the connector (CNDC) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check connection of the connector, CNDC on the outdoor power circuit board. Check connection of reactor. (DCL or ACL) SW75V: Check connection of "TBL2" and "TBL4" on the outdoor power circuit board. "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check connection of reactor. (DCL or ACL) SW75V: Check connection of "DCL1" and "DCL2" on the outdoor power circuit board. "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". a) Check connection of outdoor noise filter circuit board. Befer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". a) Check connection of outdoor power circuit board. "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". a) Check connection of outdoor noise filter circuit board. Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". b) Replace outdoor noise filter circuit board. Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Replace outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor power circuit board. Replace controller board (When items above
	63L connector open (SW100/120 only) Abnormal if 63L connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously after power supply. 63L: Low pressure switch	of 63L connector on outdoor controller circuit board	 are checked but the units cannot be repaired). Check connection of 63L connector on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check the 63L side of connecting wire. Check refrigerant pressure. Charge additional refrigerant. Check continuity by tester. Boplace the pacts of the pacts are defective.
	63H connector open Abnormal if 63H connector circuit is open for 3 minutes continuously after power supply. 63H: High pressure switch	of 63H connector on outdoor controller circuit board © Disconnection or contact failure of 63H	 Replace the parts if the parts are defective. (a) Replace outdoor controller circuit board. (b) Check connection of 63H connector on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". (c) Check the 63H side of connecting wire. (c) Check continuity by tester.
		 ③ 63H is working due to defective parts. ④ Defective outdoor controller circuit board 	 Check continuity by tester. Replace the parts if the parts are defective. Replace outdoor controller circuit board.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
F9	2 connector open (SW100/120 only) Abnormal if both 63H and 63L connector circuits are open for three minutes continuously after power supply. 63H: High pressure switch 63L: Low pressure switch	① Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H,63L) on outdoor controller circuit board	 Check connection of connector (63H,63L) on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check the 63H and 63L side of connecting wire. Check continuity by tester. Replace the parts if the parts are defective. Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
EA	 Indoor/outdoor unit connector miswiring, excessive number of units (4 units or more) 1. Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically check the number of connected indoor units. Abnormal if the number cannot be checked automatically due to miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire and etc. after power is turned on for 4 minutes. 2. Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board recognizes excessive number of indoor units. 	 Contact failure or miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. Excessive number of indoor units are connected to 1 outdoor unit (2 units or more). Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Defective indoor power board 2 or more outdoor units have refrigerant address "0". (In the case of group control) Noise has entered into power supply or indoor / outdoor unit connecting wire. 	 ① Check disconnection or looseness or polarity of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor and outdoor units. ② Check diameter and length of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire. Total wiring length: 80 m (including wiring connecting each indoor unit and between indoor and outdoor unit) Also check if the connection order of flat cab is S1, S2, S3. ③ Check the number of indoor units that are connected to one outdoor unit. (If EA is detected 4)—6) Turn the power off once, and on again to check. Replace outdoor controller circuit board, indoor controller board or indoor power board if abnormality occurs again. ⑦ Check if refrigerant addresses (SW1-3 to
Eb	Miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire (converse wiring or disconnection) Outdoor controller circuit board can automatically set the unit number of indoor units. Abnormal if the indoor unit number cannot be set within 4 minutes after power on because of miswiring (converse wiring or disconnection) of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.	 Contact failure or miswiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire Diameter or length of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Defective indoor power board 2 or more outdoor units have refrigerant address "0". (In the case of group control) Noise has entered into power supply or indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire. 	 SW1-6 on outdoor controller circuit board) are overlapping in the case of group control system. (a) Check transmission path, and remove the cause.
EC	Startup time over The unit cannot finish startup process within 4 minutes after power on.	 ① Contact failure of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire ② Diameter or length of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire is out of specified capacity. ③ 2 or more outdoor units have refrigerant address "0". (In the case of group control) ④ Noise has entered into power supply or indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire. 	
EE	Incorrect connection The outdoor unit does not receive the sig- nals of I/F or FTC.	① A device other than Interface unit or Flow temp. controller unit is connected to the unit.	① Connect I/F or FTC to the unit.

<Abnormalities detected while unit is operating>

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
	High pressure (High pressure switch 63H operated)	 Defective operation of stop valve (Not fully open) 	① Check if stop valve is fully open.
	Abnormal if high pressure switch 63H operated (4.15 MPa) during compressor operation.	 Clogged or broken pipe Locked outdoor fan motor Malfunction of outdoor fan 	 ② Check piping and repair defect. ③—⑥ Check outdoor unit and repair defect.
U1	63H: High pressure switch	 motor Short cycle of outdoor unit Dirt of outdoor heat exchanger Decreased airflow caused by defective inspection of outside temperature thermistor (It detects lower temperature than actual temperature.) Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63H) on outdoor controller board Disconnection or contact failure of 63H connection Defective outdoor controller board Defective action of linear expansion valve 	 ⑦ Check the detected temperature of outside temperature thermistor on LED display. (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool : Refer to "10-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) ⑧-⑩ Turn the power off and check F5 is displayed when the power is turned again. When F5 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for F5. ① Check linear expansion valve. Refer to "10-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS"
U2	 High discharge temperature Abnormal if discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) exceeds 125°C or 110°C continuously for 5 minutes. Abnormal if discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) exceeds 110°C or more continuously for 30 seconds after 90 seconds have passed since the defrosting operation started. (2) Abnormal if discharge superheat (Cooling: TH4–T63HS / Heating: TH4–T63HS / Heating: TH4–T63HS) exceeds 70°C continuously for 10 minutes. High comp. surface temperature (TH34) exceeds 125°C. In the case of high comp. surface temperature error, compressor does not restart unless the thermistor (TH34) becomes less than 95°C. 	 Overheated compressor operation caused by shortage of refrigerant Defective operation of stop valve Defective thermistor Defective outdoor controller board Defective action of linear expansion valve Clogging with foreign objects in refrigerant circuit Note: Clogging occur in the parts which become below freezing point when water enters in refrigerant circuit. 	 Replace outdoor controller board. Check intake superheat. Check leakage of refrigerant. Charge additional refrigerant. Check if stop valve is fully open. Turn the power off and check if U3 is displayed when the power is turned on again When U3 is displayed, refer to "Judgment and action" for U3. Check linear expansion valve. Refer to "10-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS After recovering refrigerant, remove water from entire refrigerant circuit under vacuum more than 1 hour.
U3	Open/short circuit of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) / Comp. surface temperature thermistor (TH34) Abnormal if open (3°C or less) or short (217°C or more) is detected during compressor operation. (Detection is inoperative for 10 minutes of compressor starting process and for 10 minutes after and during defrosting.)	 Disconnection or contact failure of connector (TH4/TH34) on the outdoor controller circuit board Defective thermistor Defective outdoor controller cir- cuit board 	 Check connection of connector (TH4/TH34) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for thermistor (TH4/TH34). Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of thermistor (TH4/ TH34) or temperature by microprocessor. (Thermistor/TH4/TH34: Refer to "10-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".) (SW2 on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "10-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) Replace outdoor controller board.

Check code	Abnormal point a	nd detection method	Cause		Judgment a	and action
U4	Open/short of outd (TH3, TH6, TH7, an Abnormal if open or during compressor of Open detection of th TH6 is inoperative for minutes after compre- minutes after and du Note: Check which un thermistor by sw (PAC-SK52ST) OF SWITCHES JUMPERS".) Note: SW100/120V	oor unit thermistors d TH8) short is detected operation. ermistors TH3 and or 10 seconds to 10 essor starting and 10 uring defrosting. it has abnormality in its vitching the mode of SW2. (Refer to "11-7. FUNCTION , CONNECTORS AND	 Disconnection or contact failure of connectors Outdoor controller circuit board: TH3, TH7/6 Outdoor power circuit board: CN3 Defective thermistor Defective outdoor controller circuit board 	 Check connection of connector (FH3, TH7/6) off outdoor controller circuit board. Check connectiv of connector (CN3) on the outdoor power circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for therm (TH3, TH6,TH7,TH8). Refer to "10-6. TEST POI DIAGRAM". Check resistance value of thermistor (TH3, TH6,TH7,TH8) or check temperature by microprocessor. (Thermistor/TH3,TH6,TH7,TH8 Refer to "10-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".) on A-Control Service Tool: Refer to "10-7. FUNC OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPER Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Note: Emergency operation is available in the ca abnormalities of TH3, TH6 and TH7. 		ector (TH3, TH7/6) on the oard. Check connection outdoor power circuit the lead wire for thermistor er to "10-6. TEST POINT thermistor (TH3, emperature by tor/TH3,TH6,TH7,TH8: CHECK THE PARTS".) (SW2 Refer to "10-7. FUNCTION CTORS AND JUMPERS".) circuit board. n is available in the case of
		Therm	istors			
	Symbol		Name		Open detection	Short detection
	TH3 TH6 TH7	Thermistor <liquid> Thermistor <2-phase Thermistor <ambient></ambient></liquid>			-40°C or below -40°C or below -40°C or below	90°C or above 90°C or above 90°C or above
	TH8		SW75V SW100/120Y		-27°C or below	102°C or above
	TH8	Internal thermistor SV	V100/120V		-35°C or below	170°C or above
U5	detects temperature indicated below.		 ① The outdoor fan motor is locked. ② Failure of outdoor fan motor ③ Airflow path is clogged. ④ Rise of ambient temperature 	 ③ Cho ④ Cho terr (Up Tur disp If U acti 	n off power, and on blayed within 30 mir 4 is displayed inste ion to be taken for L	thing which causes d outdoor unit. temperature is 46°C.) again to check if U5 is nutes. ad of U5, follow the
			 Defective thermistor Defective input circuit of outdoor power circuit board Failure of outdoor fan drive circuit 	(Th CH Ser SW © Re		r to "10-4. HOW TO) (SW2 on A-Control I0-7. FUNCTION OF RS AND JUMPERS".) r circuit board.
U6	Power module Check abnormality by driving power module in case overcurrent is detected. (UF or UP error condition)		 Outdoor stop valve is closed. Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection Defective compressor Defective outdoor power circuit board 	 2 Chi 3 Coi con DIA 4 Chi TO 	(I	W phase) to 10-6. TEST POINT ower circuit board). erring to "10-5. HOW FS".
U7	Too low superheat due to low discharge temperature Abnormal if discharge superheat is continuously detected less than or equal to -15° C for 3 minutes even though linear expansion valve has minimum open pulse after compressor starts operating for 10 minutes.		 ① Disconnection or loose connection of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4) ② Defective holder of discharge temperature thermistor 	 ① Check the installation conditions of discharge temperature thermistor (TH4). ③ Check the coil of linear expansion valve. Refer to "10-5. HOW TO CHECK THE 		n conditions of re thermistor (TH4). r expansion valve. O CHECK THE or contact of LEV-A and roller circuit board. n valve. Refer to "10-4.
U8	 Outdoor fan motor Abnormal if rotational frequency of the fan motor is not detected during DC fan motor operation. Fan motor rotational frequency is abnormal if; 100 rpm or below detected continuously for 15 seconds at 20°C or more outside air temperature. 50 rpm or below or 1500 rpm or more detected continuously for 1 minute. 		 Failure in the operation of the DC fan motor Failure in the outdoor circuit controller board 	② Cho cor ③ Re (Wh		ne outdoor circuit operation. rcuit controller board. I indicated even after

heck code		al point and detection method		Judgment and action
	Detailed codes	To find out the detail history (late	error, turn ON SW2-1, 2-2, 2-3, 2-4, 2-5 est) about U9 error, turn ON SW2-1, 2-2 a	and 2-6.
			WITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMP	
	01	Overvoltage error • Increase in DC bus voltage to SW75V: 400 V SW100, 120V: 400 V SW100, 120Y: 760 V	 Abnormal increase in power source voltage Disconnection of compressor wiring Defective outdoor power circuit board Compressor has a ground fault. 	 Check the field facility for the power supply. Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compresso Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board). Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check compressor for electrical insulation. Replace compressor.
		Undervoltage error	① Decrease in power source voltage,	① Check the field facility for the power supply.
		 Instantaneous decrease in DC bus voltage to SW75, 100, 120V: 200 V SW100, 120Y: 350 V 	 Decreases in power source voltage, instantaneous stop Disconnection or loose connection of CN52C on the outdoor power circuit board/controller circuit board (SW100, 120V) 	 Check CN52C wiring. (SW100, 120V)
			 ③ Defective converter drive circuit in outdoor power circuit board (SW·V) ④ Defective 52C drive circuit in outdoor power circuit board (SW75V, SW100, 	 ③ Replace outdoor power circuit board. (SW·V) ④ Replace outdoor power circuit board. (SW75V, SW100,120V/Y)
			 120V/Y) Defective outdoor converter circuit board (SW·Y) 	⑤ Replace outdoor converter circuit board. (SW·Y)
	02		⑥ Disconnection or loose connection of rush current protect resistor RS (SW·Y)	ⓑ Check RS wiring. (SW·Y)
			 ⑦ Defective rush current protect resistor RS (SW·Y) ⑧ Disconnection or loose connection 	⑦ Replace RS. (SWY) ③ Check CB wiring (SW100 120V)
			of main smoothing capacitor CB (SW100,120V)	® Check CB wiring. (SW100,120V)
U9			③ Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board	Oneck CN2 wiring. (SW100,120V)
			 /controller circuit board (SW100,120V) Power circuit failure on DC supply for 18VDC output on outdoor controller circuit board (SW100,120V) 	® Replace outdoor controller circuit board. (SW100,120V)
		Input current sensor error/ L1-phase open error	① L1-phase open (SW•Y)	① Check the field facility for the power suppl (SW•Y)
		Decrease in input current through outdoor unit to 0.1 A only if operation frequency	② Disconnection or loose connection between TB1 and outdoor noise filter circuit board (SW•Y)	② Check the wiring between TB1 and outdoor noise filter circuit board.(SW•Y)
	04	is more than or equal to 40 Hz or compressor current is more than or equal to 6 A.	③ Disconnection or loose connection of CN5 on the outdoor power circuit board/CNCT on the outdoor noise	③ Check CN5/CNCT wiring. (SW•Y)
			filter board ④ Defective ACCT (AC current trans) on the outdoor noise filter circuit board (SW•Y)	③ Replace outdoor noise filter circuit board. (SW•Y)
			 Defective input current detection circuit in outdoor power circuit board 	⑤ Replace outdoor power circuit board.
			⑥ Defective outdoor controller circuit board	⑥ Replace outdoor controller circuit board.
		Abnormal power synchronous signal	 Distortion of power source voltage, Noise superimposition. Disconnection or losse connection of 	Check the field facility for the power suppl Check carth wiring
		No input of power synchronous signal to power circuit board	 Disconnection or loose connection of earth wiring Disconnection or loose connection 	 Check CN2 wiring.
	08	• Power synchronous signal of 44 Hz or less, or 65 Hz or	of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board /controller circuit board	
		more is detected on power circuit board.	 Defective power synchronous signal circuit in outdoor controller circuit board Defective power synchronous signal 	 ④ Replace outdoor controller circuit board. ⑤ Replace outdoor power circuit board.
			circuit in outdoor power circuit board	

Check code		nal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action	
	Detailed codes	PFC error (Overvoltage/ Undervoltage/Overcurrent) • PFC detected any of the fol-	 Abnormal increase in power source voltage Decrease in power source voltage, 	 ② Check the field facility for the power supply. ③ Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to 	
U9	10	 a) Increase of DC bus voltage to 400 V (SW75V) b) Decrease in PFC control voltage to 12 VDC or lower c) Increase in input current to 50A peak (SW75V only) 	 Decrease in power source voltage, instantaneous stop Disconnection of compressor wiring Misconnection of reactor (ACL) Defective outdoor power circuit board Defective reactor (ACL) Disconnection or loose connection of CN2 on the outdoor power circuit board/controller circuit board 	 ③ Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "10-6. TEST POI DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit boar) ④ Correct the wiring of reactor (ACL). ⑤ Replace outdoor power circuit board. ⑥ Replace reactor (ACL). ⑦ Check CN2 wiring. 	
	20	PFC/IGBT error (Undervoltage) • When Compressor is running, DC bus voltage stays at 310 V or lower for consecutive 10 seconds (V-type only)	 Incorrect switch settings on the outdoor controller circuit board for model select Defective outdoor power circuit board Defective outdoor controller circuit board 	 Correction of a model select Replace outdoor power circuit board. Replace outdoor controller circuit board. 	
	Abnorma densing	lt protection al if liquid thermistor (TH3), con- temperature Тезня detects 70°C during compressor operation.	 Defective outdoor fan (fan motor) or short cycle of outdoor unit during cooling operation Defective TH3, condensing temperature Тезня Defective outdoor controller board 	 Check outdoor unit air passage. Turn the power off and on again to check the check code. If U4 is displaye follow the U4 processing direction. 	
UE	Abnormal pressure of pressure sensor (63HS) Abnormal if pressure sensor (63HS) detects 0.1 MPa or less. Detection is inoperative for 3 minutes after compressor starting and 3 minutes after and during defrosting.		 Disconnection or contact failure of connector (63HS) on the outdoor controller circuit board Defective pressure sensor Defective outdoor controller circuit board 	 Check connection of connector (63HS) of the outdoor controller circuit board. Check breaking of the lead wire for thermistor (63HS). Check pressure by microprocessor. (Pressure sensor/ 63HS) (SW2: Refer to "10-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS".) Replace outdoor controller board. 	
	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor locked) Abnormal if overcurrent of DC bus or compressor is detected within 30 seconds after compressor starts operating.		 ① Stop valve is closed. ② Decrease of power supply voltage ③ Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection ④ Defective compressor ⑤ Defective outdoor power board ⑥ Incorrect switch settings on the outdoor controller circuit board for model select 	 Open stop valve. Check facility of power supply. 	
UH	 Current sensor error or input current error Abnormal if current sensor detects -1.0A to 1.0A during compressor operation. (This error is ignored in the case of test run mode.) Abnormal if 40A (SW75/100/120V) of input current is detected or 37A (SW75/100/120V) or more of input current is detected for 10 seconds continuously. 		 Disconnection of compressor wiring Defective circuit of current sensor on outdoor power circuit board Decrease of power supply voltage Leakage or shortage of refrigerant 	 Correct the wiring (U·V·W phase) to compressor. Refer to "10-6. TEST POIN DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board Replace outdoor power circuit board. Check the facility of power supply. Check leakage of refrigerant. 	
	Low pressure (63L operated) (SW100/120 only) Abnormal if 63L is operated (under -0.03MPa) during compressor operation. 63L: Low pressure switch		 Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed during operation. Disconnection or loose connection of connector (63L) on outdoor controller board Disconnection or loose connection of 63L Defective outdoor controller board Leakage or shortage of refrigerant Malfunction of linear expansion valve 	 if F3 is displayed on restarting. If F3 is displayed, follow the F3 proces ing direction. © Correct to proper amount of refrigerant. 	

heck code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
	Compressor overcurrent interruption Abnormal if overcurrent DC bus or	 Stop valve of outdoor unit is closed. 	 ① Open stop valve. ② Check facility of power supply.
UP	compressor is detected after compressor starts operating for 30 seconds.	 Decrease of power supply voltage Looseness, disconnection or converse of compressor wiring connection Defective fan of outdoor units Short cycle of outdoor units Defective input circuit of outdoor controller board 	 (a) Correct the wiring (U-V-W phase) to compressor. Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM" (Outdoor power circuit board). (a) Check outdoor fan. (b) Solve short cycle. (c) Replace outdoor controller circuit board. Note: Before the replacement of the outdoor controller circuit board, disconnect the wiring to compressor from the outdoor power circuit board and check the output voltage among phases, U, V, W, during test run. No defect on board if voltage among phases (U-V, V-W and W-U) is same. Make sure to perform the voltage check with same performing frequency.
		 ⑦ Defective compressor ⑧ Defective outdoor power circuit board ⑨ Dip switch setting difference of outdoor controller circuit board 	 ⑦ Check compressor. Refer to "10-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS". ⑧ Replace outdoor power circuit board. ⑨ Check the DIP switch setting of outdoor controller circuit board.
E0 or E4	 Remote controller transmission error (E0)/signal receiving error (E4) Abnormal if main or sub remote controller cannot receive normally any transmission from indoor unit of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Check code : E0) Abnormal if sub remote controller could not receive any signal for 2 minutes. (Check code: E0) Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive normally any data from remote controller board or from other indoor controller board for 3 minutes. (Check code: E4) Indoor controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Check code: E4) 	 Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller All remote controllers are set as "sub" remote controller. In this case, E0 is displayed on remote controller, and E4 is displayed at LED (LED1, LED2) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Miswiring of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board of refrigerant address "0" Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller. 	 If the cause of trouble is not in above ①–③, ④ Diagnose remote controllers. a) When "OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check If abnormality occurs again, replace indoor controller board. b) When "NG" is displayed, Replace remote controller. c) When "E3" or "ERC" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality. Note: If the unit is not normal after replacing indoor controller board in group control, indoor controller board of address "0" may be abnormal.
E1 or E2	 Remote controller control board Abnormal if data cannot be normally read from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Check code: E1) Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be normally operated. (Check code: E2) 	 Defective remote controller 	① Replace remote controller.
E3 or E5	 Remote controller transmission error (E3)/signal receiving error (E5) Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 seconds and could not transmit. (Check code: E3) Remote controller receives transmitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Check code: E3) Abnormal if indoor controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Check code: E5) Indoor controller board receives transmitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Check code: E5) 	 2 remote controller are set as "main." (In the case of 2 remote controllers) Remote controller is connected with 2 indoor units or more. Repetition of refrigerant address Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into transmission wire of remote controller. 	 Set a remote controller to main, and the other to sub. Remote controller is connected with only one indoor unit. The address changes to a separate setting. (a) -(b) Diagnose remote controller. a) When "OK" is displayed, remote controller. a) When "OK" is displayed, remote controller have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board. b) When "NG" is displayed, replace remote controller. c) When "E3" or "ERC" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality.

Oh e els e e els		0		
Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause ① Contact failure. short circuit	Judgment and action Note: Check LED display on the outdoor	
E6	Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) ① Abnormal if Interface unit/Flow temp. controller cannot receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on. ② Abnormal if Interface unit/Flow temp. controller cannot receive any signal normally for 3 minutes.	 Contact failure, short circuit or, miswiring (converse wiring) of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire Defective transmitting receiving circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller Noise has entered into Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire. Contact failure of indoor/ 	 Note: Check LED display on the outdoor controller circuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST.) Check disconnection or looseness of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit connecting wire of Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor unit. (2-(4) Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality occurs again, replace Interface unit/Flow temp. controller or outdoor controller circuit board. (2) Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/ 	
E8	error (Signal receiving error) (Outdoor unit) Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not receive anything normally for 3 minutes.	outdoor unit connecting wire ② Defective communication circuit	 outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor or outdoor units. (2)-(4) Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again. 	
E9	 Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit) Abnormal if "0" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though outdoor controller circuit board has transmitted "1". Abnormal if outdoor controller circuit board could not find blank of transmission path for 3 minutes. 	 Indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire has contact failure. Defective communication circuit of outdoor controller circuit board Noise has entered power supply. Noise has entered indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. 	 Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. Turn the power off, and on again to check. Replace outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again. 	
EF	Non defined check code This code is displayed when non defined check code is received.	 Noise has entered transmission wire of remote controller. Noise has entered indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. Outdoor unit is not inverter models. 	 ①② Turn the power off, and on again to check Replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board if abnormality is displayed again. ③ Replace outdoor unit with inverter type outdoor unit. 	
Ed	Serial communication error ① Abnormal if serial communication between outdoor controller circuit board and outdoor power circuit board is defective.	 Breaking of wire or contact failure of connector CN2 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board Breaking of wire or contact failure of connector CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board Defective communication circuit of outdoor power circuit board Defective communication circuit of outdoor power circuit board for outdoor power circuit board 	 ① Check connection of each connector CN2 and CN4 between the outdoor controller circuit board and the outdoor power circuit board. ③ Replace outdoor power circuit board. ④ Replace outdoor controller circuit board. 	
	Freezing/overheating protection is work- ing Overheating protection <heat mode=""> Abnormal if condensing temperature of pressure sensor (63HS) detects Tcond. °C or more and compressor operation frequency is less than or equal to 25 Hz. Detection is inoperative during defrosting.</heat>	 Overcharge of refrigerant Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) Malfunction of linear expansion valve Reduced water flow Clogged filter Leakage of water High temperature Overload Inlet water is too warm. Defective water pump 	 ①② Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit. ③ Check linear expansion valve. ④⑤ Check water piping. ⑥ Check water pump. 	
P6		stage-d stage-d 12 -11 -9 -8 -6 stage-c stage-d stage-e stage-f	-5 -3 -2 27 28 <u>stage-g</u> stage-s	
	SW75 63 61 SW100/120 63 62	60 58 56 53 61 60 59 57	50 61 51 61	

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Judgment and action
P9	 Actual tank temperature thermistor (TH5) The unit is 3-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally) Constantly detected during cooling, heating, heating ECO, anti freeze and hot water operation. 	istics ② Contact failure of interface unit/ Flow temp. controller Refer to the indoor unit's Instal- lation Manual for TH5 connec- tion. ③ Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring	 ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. 0°C …15.0 kΩ 30°C 4.3 kΩ
L3–LL	Indoor unit failure during defrosting.	Indoor unit failure	Refer to the indoor unit's service manual.

10-3. TROUBLESHOOTING

Phenomena	Factor	Countermeasure
 Remote controller display does not work. 	①12 VDC is not supplied to remote controller.	 ① Check LED2 on indoor controller board. (1) When LED2 is lit: Check the remote controller wiring for break- ing or contact failure. (2) When LED2 is blinking: Check short circuit of remote controller wiring. (3) When LED2 is not lit: Refer to No.3 below.
	 ②12–15 VDC is supplied to remote controller, however, no display is indicated. "Please Wait" is not displayed. "Please Wait" is displayed. 	 Check the following. Failure of remote controller if "Please Wait" is not displayed Refer to No.2 below if "Please Wait" is dis- played.
 "Please Wait" display is remained on the remote controller. 	 ① At longest 2 minutes after the power supply "Please Wait" is displayed to start up. ② Communication error between the remote con- troller and indoor unit ③ Communication error between the indoor and outdoor unit 	 Normal operation Self-diagnosis of remote controller "Please Wait" is displayed for 6 minutes at most in the case of indoor/outdoor unit communication error. Check LED3 on indoor controller board. (1) When LED3 is not blinking: Check indoor/outdoor connecting wire for miswiring. (Converse wiring of S1 and S2, or break of S3 wiring.) (2) When LED3 is blinking: Indoor/outdoor connecting wire is normal.
	④ Outdoor unit protection device connector is open.	Indoordutoor connecting wife is normal. (a) Check LED display on outdoor controller circuit board. Refer to "10-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS". Check protection device connector (63L and 63H) for contact failure. Refer to "10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM".

Phenomena	Factor	Countermeasure
 When pressing the remote controller operation switch, the OPERATION display is appeared but it will be turned off soon. 	① After cancelling to select function from the remote controller, the remote controller opera- tion switch will not be accepted for approx. 30 seconds.	① Normal operation
4. Even controlling by the wireless remote controller, no beep is heard and the unit does not start operat- ing. Operation display is indicated on wireless remote controller.	The pair number settings of the wireless remote controller and indoor controller board are mis- matched.	⑦Check the pair number settings.
 When operating by the wireless remote controller, beep sound is heard, however, unit does not start operating. 	 No operation for 2 minutes at most after the power supply ON. Local remote controller operation is prohibited. Remote controlling adaptor is connected to CN32 on the indoor controller board. Local remote controller operation is prohibited by centralized controller etc. since it is connected to MELANS. Phenomena of No.2. 	 ①Normal operation ②Normal operation ③Check the phenomena No.2.
6. Remote controller display works	①Refrigerant shortage	 If refrigerant leaks, discharge temperature rises
b. Remote controller display works normally and the unit performs cool- ing operation, however, the capacity cannot be fully obtained. (The air does not cool well.)	 ③Reingerant shortage ②Filter clogging ③Heat exchanger clogging 	 If reingerant leaks, discharge temperature hises and LEV opening increases. Inspect leakage by checking the temperature and opening. Check pipe connections for gas leakage. Open intake grille and check the filter. Clean the filter by removing dirt or dust on it. If the filter is clogged, indoor pipe temperature rises and discharge pressure increases. Check if heat exchanger is clogged by inspecting dis- charge pressure.
		Clean the heat exchanger.
	④Air duct short cycle	④Remove the blockage.
 Remote controller display works normally and the unit performs heat- ing operation, however, the capacity cannot be fully obtained. 	 ①Linear expansion valve fault Opening cannot be adjusted well due to linear expansion valve fault. ②Refrigerant shortage 	 Discharge temperature and indoor heat exchanger temperature does not rise. Inspect the failure by checking discharge pres- sure. Replace linear expansion valve. If refrigerant leaks, discharge temperature rises and LEV opening increases.
	③Lack of insulation for refrigerant piping	Inspect leakage by checking the temperature and opening. • Check pipe connections for gas leakage. ③Check the insulation.
	④Filter clogging	Open intake grille and check the filter. Clean the filter by removing dirt or dust on it.
	⑤Heat exchanger clogging	 If the filter is clogged, indoor pipe temperature rises and discharge pressure increases. Check if heat exchanger is clogged by inspecting discharge pressure. Clean the heat exchanger.
	©Air duct short cycle @Bypass circuit of outdoor unit fault	®Remove the blockage.
 8. ①For 3 minutes after temperature adjuster turns off, the compressor will not start operating even if temperature adjuster is turned on. ②For 3 minutes after temperature adjuster turns on, the compressor will not stop operating even if temperature adjuster is turned off. (Compressor stops operating immediately when turning off by the remote controller.) 	 ⑦Bypass circuit of outdoor unit fault ①②Normal operation (For protection of compressor) 	 ⑦Check refrigerant system during operation. ①②Normal operation

Phenomena	Countermeasure
A flowing water sound or occasional hissing sound is heard.	These sounds can be heard when refrigerant and/or water is (are) flowing in the in- door unit or refrigerant pipe, or when the refrigerant and/or water is (are) chugging.
Water does not heat or cool well.	 Clean the filter of water piping. (Flow is reduced when the filter is dirty or clogged.) Check the temperature adjustment and adjust the set temperature. Make sure that there is plenty of space around the outdoor unit.
Water is dripping or vapour is emitted from the outdoor unit.	 During COOL mode, water may form and drip from the cool pipes and joints. During HEAT mode, water may form and drip from the heat exchanger of outdoor unit. During defrosting mode, water on the heat exchanger of outdoor unit evaporates and water vapour may be emitted.
The operation indicator does not appear in the remote con- troller display.	Turn on the power switch. " " will appear in the remote controller display.
" " appears in the remote controller display.	During external signal control, " " " appears in the remote controller display and FTC operation cannot be started or stopped using the remote controller.
When restarting the outdoor unit soon after stopping it, it does not operate even though the ON/OFF button is pressed.	 Wait approximately 3 minutes. (Operation has stopped to protect the outdoor unit.)
FTC operates without the ON/OFF button being pressed.	 Is the on timer set? Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation. Is the FTC connected to an external signal? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. Does "S" appear in the remote controller display? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. Has the auto recovery feature from power failures been set? Press the ON/OFF button to stop operation.
FTC stops without the ON/OFF button being pressed.	 Is the off timer set? Press the ON/OFF button to restart operation. Is the air conditioner connected to a central remote controller? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC. Does "" appear in the remote controller display? Consult the concerned people who control the FTC.
Remote controller timer operation cannot be set.	Are timer settings invalid? If the timer can be set, (WEEKLY), (SIMPLE), or (AUTO OFF) appears in the remote controller display.
"Please Wait" appears in the remote controller display.	 The initial settings are being performed. Wait approximately 3 minutes. If the remote controller is not only for FTC, change it.
A check code appears in the remote controller display.	 The protection devices have operated to protect the FTC and outdoor unit. Do not attempt to repair this equipment by yourself. Turn off the power switch immediately and consult your dealer. Be sure to provide the dealer with the model name and information that appeared in the remote controller display.

• If the unit cannot be operated properly after test run, refer to the following table to find the cause.

	Symptom	Cause	
Wired remote controll	er	LED 1, 2 (PCB in outdoor unit)	Cause
Please Wait For about 2 minutes after power-on		After LED 1, 2 are lit, LED 2 is turned off, then only LED 1 is lit. (Correct operation)	• For about 2 minutes following power-on, op- eration of the remote controller is not possible due to system startup. (Correct operation)
Please Wait \rightarrow Check code	Subsequent to about 2 minutes	Only LED 1 is lit. \rightarrow LED 1, 2 blink.	 Connector for the outdoor unit's protection device is not connected. Reverse or open phase wiring for the outdoor unit's power terminal block (L1, L2, L3)
Display messages do not appear even when operation switch is turned ON (operation lamp does not light up).	after power-on	Only LED 1 is lit. \rightarrow LED 1 blinks twice, LED 2 blinks once.	 Incorrect wiring between FTC and outdoor (incorrect polarity of S1, S2, S3) Remote controller wire short

Note: Operation is not possible for about 30 seconds after cancellation of function selection. (Correct operation)

For description of each LED (LED1, 2, 3) provided on the FTC, refer to the following table.

LED1 (power for microprocessor)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED2 (power for remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the remote controller. This LED lights only in the case of the FTC which is connected to the outdoor unit refrigerant addresses "0".
LED3 (communication between FTC and outdoor units)	Indicates state of communication between the FTC and outdoor units. Make sure that this LED is always blinking.

Symptoms: "Please Wait" is kept being displayed on the remote controller.



Symptoms: Nothing is displayed on the remote controller. ①

LED display of the indoor controller board LED1 : O LED2 : O LED3 : O



OCH755

Symptoms: Nothing is displayed on the remote controller. 2



Symptoms: Nothing is displayed on the remote controller. ③

LED display of the indoor controller board LED1 : -••-LED2 : -••- or -••-LED3 : ---


10-4. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS

Parts name	Checkpoints							
Thermistor (TH3) <liquid></liquid>	Disconnect the con (At the ambient ten		ire the resistance wi	ith a multimeter.				
Thermistor (TH4) <discharge></discharge>		Normal	Abnorm	al				
Thermistor (TH6)	TH4 TH34	160 to 410 kΩ						
Thermistor (TH7) <ambient></ambient>	TH3 TH6	4.3 to 9.6 kΩ	Open or s	hort				
Thermistor (TH8) <heat sink=""> (SW75V, SW100/120Y)</heat>	TH7 TH8	39 to 105 kΩ						
Thermistor (TH34) <comp. surface=""></comp.>								
Fan motor (MF1,MF2)	Refer to the next pa	age.						
Solenoid valve coil <4-way valve>	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a multimeter. (At the ambient temperature 20°C)							
(21S4)	N	ormal	Abnorm	al				
	1435±150 Ω Ορε			hort				
Motor for compressor (MC)	Measure the resistance between the terminals with a multimeter. (Winding temperature $20^\circ C$)							
		Normal		Abnormal				
V Loo early	SW75V	SW100/120V	SW100/120Y	Open or short				
W	0.95 Ω	0.19 Ω	0.30 Ω					
Linear expansion valve (LEV-A/LEV-B)	Ve Disconnect the connector then measure the resistance with a multimeter. (Winding temperature 20°C)							
M Gray 1		No	ormal		Abnormal			
	Gray - Black	Gray - Red	Gray - Yellow	Gray - Orange	- Open or short			
Red 3 Yellow 4		46	±3 Ω					
Black 5								

Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor/outdoor controller circuit board)

1) Notes

- · High voltage is applied to the connector (CNF1, 2) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
- \cdot Do not pull out the connector (CNF1, 2) for the motor with the power supply on.
- (It causes trouble of the outdoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)

② Self check

Symptom : The outdoor fan cannot rotate.



10-5. HOW TO CHECK THE COMPONENTS

<HIGH PRESSURE SENSOR>







OCH755

<Thermistor feature chart>

Low temperature thermistors

- Thermistor <Liquid> (TH3)
- Thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6)
- Thermistor <Ambient> (TH7)

Thermistor R0 = $15 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 3\%$ B constant = $3480 \pm 1\%$

Rt =1	5exp{3480($\frac{1}{273+t}$	$(\frac{1}{273})\}$
0°C	15 kΩ	30℃	4.3 kΩ
10℃	9.6 kΩ	40°C	3.0 kΩ
20℃	6.3 kΩ		
25℃	5.2 kΩ		

Medium temperature thermistor						
• Thermistor <heat sink=""> (TH8) (SW75V, SW100/120Y only)</heat>						
Thermistor R50 = 17 k $\Omega \pm 2\%$ B constant = 4150 ± 3%						
$Rt = 17 \exp\{4150(\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{323})\}$						
0°C 180 kΩ						
25°C 50 kΩ						
50°C 17 kΩ						
70°C 8 kΩ						
90°C 4 kΩ						

High	temperature	thermistors
------	-------------	-------------

- Thermistor <Discharge> (TH4)
- Thermistor <Comp. surface> (TH34)

Thermistor R120 = 7.465 k $\Omega \pm 2\%$ B constant = 4057 ± 2% Rt =7.465exp{4057($\frac{1}{273+t} - \frac{1}{393}$)} 20°C 250 kΩ 70°C 34 kΩ 30°C 160 kΩ 80°C 24 kΩ 40°C 90℃ 17.5 kΩ 104 kΩ 50°℃ 70 kΩ 100℃ 13.0 kΩ 60°C 48 kΩ 110°C 9.8 kΩ



Linear expansion valve

(1) Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

• Linear expansion valve opens/closes through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the outdoor controller board.

• Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.

<Connection between the outdoor controller board and the linear expansion valve>



<Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

Output	Output									
(Phase)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
ø1	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON		
<i>ø</i> 2	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF		
ø3	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF		
<i>ø</i> 4	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON		

(2) Linear expansion valve operation



The output pulse shifts in the following order. Opening a valve : $8 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 8$ Closing a valve : $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 1$

- When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phases become OFF.

When the valve moves smoothly, there is no sound or vibration occurring from the linear expansion valve : however, when the pulse number moves from B to B or when the valve is locked, more sound can be heard.

No sound is heard when the pulse number moves from \circledast to \circledast in case coil is burnt out or motor is locked by open-phase.

 Sound can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver er handle while putting the screw driver to the linear expansion valve.

Extra tightening (about 32 pulse)

(3) How to attach and detach the coil of linear expansion valve

<Composition>

Linear expansion valve is separable into the main body and the coil as shown in the diagram below.



<How to detach the coil>

Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and detach the coil by pulling it upward.

Be sure to detach the coil holding main body firmly. Otherwise pipes can bend due to stress.



Hold the lower part of the main body (shown as A) firmly so that the main body does not move and attach the coil by inserting it downward into the main body. Then securely attach the coil stopper to main body. (At this time, be careful that stress is not added to lead wire and main body is not wound by lead wire.) If the stopper is not firmly attached to main body, coil may be detached from the main body and that can cause defective operation of linear expansion valve.

To prevent piping stress, be sure to attach the coil holding the main body of linear expansion valve firmly. Otherwise pipe may break.



10-6. TEST POINT DIAGRAM Outdoor controller circuit board



Outdoor noise filter circuit board PUHZ-SW100YHAR6 PUHZ-SW120YHAR6









Outdoor converter circuit board PUHZ-SW100YHAR6 PUHZ-SW120YHAR6



10-7. FUNCTION OF SWITCHES, CONNECTORS AND JUMPERS (1) Function of switches

Type of Switch	Switch	No.	Function	Action by the ON	e switch operation	Effective timing	
Owitch		1	Manual defrost *1	Start	Normal	When compressor is working in heating operation. *1	
		2	Abnormal history clear	Clear	Normal	Off or operating	
		3	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ON			
	SW1	4	-	1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4	4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6		
DIP switch		5	Refrigerant address setting			When power supply ON	
		6		<u>123456</u> 3 4	<u> </u>		
	SW4	1	No function	—	_	_	
	3004	2	No function	—	—	—	
Push switch	SW	Έ	Pump down	Start	Normal	Under suspension	
		1	No function	—	—	_	
	SW5	2	Power failure automatic recovery *2	Auto recovery	No auto recovery	When power supply ON	
		3,4,5	No function	_	—	_	
		6	model select	Following S	W5-6 reference		
		1	Mode select *4	No function	Low noise mode	Always	
		2	No function	_	_	_	
		3	No function	—	-	_	
	SW7*3	4	Breaker size setting (Only SW75)	SW7 E 4 5 Both for indo and outdoor OFF OFF 25A (Defr OFF ON 20A	unit Only for outdoor unit	When power supply ON	
DIP				ON ON 16A			
switch		6	Defrost setting	For high humidity	Normal	Always	
		1	Use of existing pipe	Used	Not used	Always	
	SW8	2	No function	—	—	_	
		3	No function				
	SW9	1	No function	Valid	Normal	Always	
	5009	2	Function switch	valiu			
		3,4 1	No function				
	SW6	2 3 4 5	Model select	12345678	100Y ON 0FF 1 2 3	SW6 SW5-6 4 5 6 7 8 0 ^N 4 5 6 7 8 0 ^N 0 0 ^N 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 0 ^N	
	SW5	6 7 8 6		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 120V ON OFF ON OFF			

*1 Manual defrost should be done as follows.

OChange the DIP SW1-1 on the outdoor controller board from OFF to ON.

@Manual defrost will start by the above operation ① if all these conditions written below are satisfied.

· Heat mode setting

• 10 minutes have passed since compressor started operating or previous manual defrost is finished.

• Pipe temperature is less than or equal to 8°C. Manual defrost will finish if certain conditions have been satisfied.

Manual defost can be done if above conditions have been satisfied when DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON. After DIP SW1-1 is changed from OFF to ON, there is no problem if DIP SW1-1 is left ON or changed to OFF again. This depends on the service conditions. *2 'Power failure automatic recovery' can be set by either remote controller or this DIP SW. If one of them is set to ON,

'Auto recovery' activates. Please set "Auto recovery" basically by remote controller because all units do not have DIP SW.

Please refer to the indoor unit installation manual.

*3 Please do not use SW7-3 to 6 usually. Trouble might be caused by the usage condition.

*4 It is effective only in the case of external input. (Local wiring is necessary. Refer to the next page: Special function.)

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Special function

(a) Low-level sound priority mode (Local wiring)

By performing the following modification, operation noise of the outdoor unit can be reduced by about 3-4 dB.

The low noise mode will be activated when a commercially available timer or the contact input of an ON/OFF switch is added to the CNDM connector (option) on the control board of the outdoor unit.

• The ability varies according to the outdoor temperature and conditions, etc.

OComplete the circuit as shown when using the external input adapter (PAC-SC36NA-E). (Option)

②SW7-1 (Outdoor unit control board): OFF

③SW1 ON: Low noise mode

SW1 OFF: Normal operation



<Display function of inspection for outdoor unit>

The blinking patterns of both LED1 (green) and LED2 (red) indicate the types of abnormality when it occurs. Types of abnormality can be indicated in details by connecting an optional part "A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)" to connector CNM on outdoor controller board.

[Display]

(1) Normal condition

Unit condition	Outdoor con	troller board	A-Control Service Tool		
	LED1 (Green)	LED2 (Red)	Check code	Indication of the display	
When the power is turned on	Lit	Lit	- ⇔ -	Alternately blinking display	
When unit stops	Lit	Not lit	00, etc.		
When compressor is warming up	Lit	Not lit	08, etc.	Operation mode	
When unit operates	Lit	Lit	C5, H7, etc.		

(2) Abnormal condition

Indic	ation	Error						
	troller board LED2 (Red)	Contents	Check code*	Inspection method	Detailed reference page			
1 blinking 2 blinking	2 blinking	Connector(63L) is open.		① Check if connector (63H or 63L) on the outdoor con- troller board is not disconnected.	P.22			
	Connector(63H) is open.		⁽²⁾ Check continuity of pressure switch (63H or 63L) by					
		2 connectors are open.	F9	multimeter.	P.23			
2 blinking	1 blinking	Miswiring of I/F or FTC or outdoor unit connecting wire, excessive number of indoor units (2 units or more)	_	 Check if I/F or FTC or outdoor connecting wire is connected correctly. Check if 2 or more I/F or FTC units are connected to 				
		Miswiring of I/F or FTC or outdoor unit connecting wire (converse wiring or dis- connection)	_	outdoor unit. ③ Check if noise entered into I/F or FTC or outdoor connecting wire or power supply.	P.23 (Eb)			
		Startup time over	_	 Connecting wire or power supply. Re-check error by turning off power, and on again. 				
2 blinking	2 blinking	I/F or FTC or outdoor unit communi- cation error (signal receiving error) is detected by FTC unit.	E6	 Check if I/F or FTC or outdoor connecting wire is con- nected correctly. Check if noise entered into I/F or FTC or outdoor 	**			
		I/F or FTC or outdoor unit communication error (signal receiving error) is detected by outdoor unit.	_	 connecting wire or power supply. ③ Check if noise entered into I/F or FTC or outdoor controller board. ④ Re-check error by turning off power, and on again. 	P.29 (E8)			
		I/F or FTC or outdoor unit communica- tion error (transmitting error) is detected by outdoor unit.	_		P.29 (E9)			
	3 blinking	Remote controller signal receiving error is detected by remote controller.	E0	① Check if connecting wire of I/F or FTC unit or remote controller is connected correctly.	P.28			
		Remote controller transmitting error is detected by remote controller.	E3	② Check if noise entered into transmission wire of remote controller.	P.28			
		Remote controller signal receiving error is detected by I/F or FTC unit.		③ Re-check error by turning off power, and on again.	P.28			
		Remote controller transmitting error is detected by I/F or FTC unit.	E5		P.28			
	4 blinking	Check code is not defined.	EF	 Check if noise entered into transmission wire of remote controller. Check if noise entered into I/F or FTC or outdoor connecting wire. Re-check error by turning off power, and on again. 	P.29			

* Check code displayed on remote controller

** Refer to Technical manual of ATW, I/F, FTC.

Continue to the next page

Indic	ation			Error	
Outdoor con LED1 (Green)		Contents	Check code*	Inspection method	Detailed reference page
3 blinking	-	Abnormality of comp. surface thermistor (TH34) and discharge temperature (TH4)	U2	 Check if stop valves are open. Check if connectors (TH4, TH34, LEV-A, and LEV-B) on outdoor controller board are not disconnected. Check if unit is filled with specified amount of refrigerant. 	P.24
		Abnormality of superheat due to low discharge temperature	U7	④ Measure resistance values among terminals on indoor valve and outdoor linear expansion valve using a multimeter.	P.25
		Abnormal high pressure (High pressure switch 63H operated.)	U1	 Check if outdoor units have a short cycle on their air ducts. Check if connector (63H/63L) on outdoor controller 	P.24
		Abnormal low pressure (Low pressure switch 63L operated.)	UL	 board is not disconnected. ③ Check if heat exchanger and filter is not dirty. ④ Measure resistance values among terminals on linear expansion valve using a multimeter. 	P.27
	-	Abnormality of outdoor fan motor rotational speed		 Check the outdoor fan motor. Check if connector (TH3) on outdoor controller board is disconnected. 	P.25
		Protection from overheat operation (TH3) Compressor overcurrent breaking		 ① Check if stop valves are open. 	P.27
	· Sinning	(Startup locked)	UF	² Check looseness, disconnection, and converse con-	P.27
		Compressor overcurrent breaking	UP	nection of compressor wiring. ③ Measure resistance values among terminals on com-	P.28
		Abnormality of current sensor (P.B.)	UH	pressor using a multimeter.	P.27
		Abnormality of power module	U6	 ④ Check if outdoor unit has a short cycle on its air duct. ⑤ Check leakage of refrigerant. 	P.25
5 blir	5 blinking	Open/short of discharge thermistor (TH4) and comp. surface thermis- tor (TH34)	U3	① Check if connectors (TH3, TH4, TH6, TH7 and TH34) on outdoor controller board and connector (CN3) on outdoor power board are not disconnected.	P.24
		Open/short of outdoor thermistors (TH3, TH6, TH7 and TH8)	U4	② Measure resistance value of outdoor thermistors.	P.25
6	6 blinking	(TH3, TH6, TH7 and TH8) nking Abnormality of heat sink temperature nking Abnormality of voltage		 Check if outdoor units have a short cycle on their air ducts. Measure resistance value of outdoor thermistor (TH8). 	P.25
	7 blinking			 Check looseness, disconnection, and converse connection of compressor wiring. Measure resistance value among terminals on compressor using a multimeter. Check the continuity of contactor (52C). Check if power supply voltage decreases. Check the wiring of CN52C. Check the wiring of CNAF. 	P.26– P.27
4 blinking		Abnormality of room temperature thermistor (TH1) Abnormality of pipe temperature	P1 P2	① Check if connectors (CN20, CN21, CN29 and CN44) and terminal blocks on indoor controller board are not disconnected.	**
		thermistor /Liquid (TH2)	FZ	② Measure resistance value of indoor thermistors. Note: Refer to the indoor unit's Installation Manual.	
		Abnormality of pipe temperature thermistor/Condenser-Evaporator	P9		**
		Abnormality of drain sensor (DS) Float switch (FS) connector open	P4	① Check if connector (CN31)(CN4F) and terminal blocks on indoor controller board is not disconnected.	
		Indoor drain overflow protection	P5	 @ Measure resistance value of indoor thermistors. @ Measure resistance value among terminals on drain- up machine using a multimeter. @ Check if drain pump works. © Check drain function. Note: Refer to the indoor unit's Installation Manual. 	**
	3 blinking	Freezing (cooling)/overheating (heating) protection	P6	 Check if indoor unit has a short cycle on its air duct. Check if heat exchanger and filter is not dirty. Measure resistance value on indoor and outdoor fan motors. Check if the inside of refrigerant piping is not clogged. 	**
	4 blinking	Abnormality of pipe temperature	P8	 Check if indoor thermistors (TH2 and TH5) are not disconnected from holder. Check if stop valve is open. Check converse connection of extension pipe. (on plural units connection) Check if indoor/outdoor connecting wire is connected correctly. (on plural units connection) 	**

* Check code displayed on remote controller ** Refer to service manual for indoor unit.

<Outdoor unit operation monitor function>

[When optional part 'A-Control Service Tool (PAC-SK52ST)' is connected to outdoor controller board (CNM)] Digital indicator LED1 displays 2 digit number or code to inform operation condition and the meaning of check code by controlling DIP SW2 on 'A-Control Service Tool'.

Operation indicator SW2 : Indicator change of self-diagnosis

peration indica			•	f-diagnosis				Unit
SW2 setting	setting Display detail				Explanation for display			
(Be sure that (1) Display When the Wait for (2) When the	icator LED1 wo at the 1 to 6 in t when the powe he power supply 4 minutes at th he display lights ation mode disp	the SW2 a er supply C y ON, blink ne longest. s (Normal c	re set to O N ing display		-	1 sect inter∖		•
LED1		(Lighti	ng)			ON 1	SW2	nitial setting)
The tens	digit : Operatio		_	The ones	digit : Relay o	utput		
Display O	Operation N OFF/FAI		=	Display	Warming-up Compressor	Compressor	4-way valve	Solenoid valve
C	COOL	-	1	0				
H	HEAT		1	1	—			ON
d	DEFROS	ST	1	2			ON	_
2 Displa	ay during error p	oostponem	_ ent	3			ON	ON
Postp	onement code	is displaye	d when	4		ON		
	ressor stops du	ie to the w	ork of	5		ON ON	ON	ON
	ction device.	is displave	d while	7		ON	ON	 ON
	is being postpo			8	ON			
				A	ON		ON	_
	ne display blinks ion code is disp		Conter Abnormal hi	nts to be ins igh pressure (ue to the work pected (During (63H worked) mperature and com	operation)		perant
		U3	Open/short	circuit of disch	narge thermistor (1	(H4) and comp. s	urface thermistor	
		U4			it thermistors (TH	3, TH6, TH7 and	TH8)	
		U5 U6		emperature of of power mo				———————————————————————————————————————
		U7	Abnormality	of superheat	due to low discha	arge temperature		
		U8		in outdoor fa	n motor			
Diaplay	action unit	Ud UF	Overheat pr		interruption (Whe	n Comp locked)		
	ection unit	UH	Current sen					
	oor unit or unit 1	UL	Abnormal lo					
	or unit 2			r overcurrent of indoor uni				
		1 - 1 - 20						
	or unit 3		Communica	ition error of N	VI-NET system			
3 Indoc		A0–A7	Communica		VI-NET system			
3 Indoc Display Conte	ents to be inspecte	A0–A7 ed (When po			M-NET system			
3 Indoc Display Conte F3 63L c		A0–A7 ed (When po open.			M-NET system			
3IndocDisplayConteF363L cF563H cF92 con	ents to be inspecte connector (red) is a connector (yellow) nnectors (63H/63L	A0–A7 ed (When po open.) is open.) are open.	ower is turne	d on)				
3IndooDisplayConteF363L cF563H cF92 conE8Indoo	ents to be inspected connector (red) is a connector (yellow) nectors (63H/63L pr/outdoor commu	A0–A7 ed (When po open.) is open.) are open. nication erro	ower is turne	d on) ceiving error)	(Outdoor unit)			
3IndooDisplayConteF363L cF563H cF92 conE8IndooE9Indoo	ents to be inspecte connector (red) is a connector (yellow) nnectors (63H/63L	A0–A7 ed (When po open.) is open. .) are open. nication erro nication erro	bwer is turne br (Signal rec or (Transmitti	d on) ceiving error) ng error) (Ou	(Outdoor unit) utdoor unit)	r units (4 units o	r more)	
3IndooDisplayConteF363L cF563H cF92 conE8IndooE9IndooEAMiswiEbMiswi	ents to be inspecte connector (red) is of connector (yellow) inectors (63H/63L or/outdoor commu or/outdoor commu iring of indoor/outo iring of indoor/outo	A0–A7 ed (When po open.) is open.) are open. nication erro nication erro door unit co	ower is turne or (Signal rec or (Transmitti nnecting wire	d on) ceiving error) ing error) (Ou e, excessive	(Outdoor unit) utdoor unit) number of indoor		r more)	
3IndooDisplayConteF363L cF563H cF92 conE8IndooE9IndooEAMiswiEbMiswiECStartu	ents to be inspecte connector (red) is of connector (yellow) inectors (63H/63L or/outdoor commu or/outdoor commu iring of indoor/outo	A0–A7 open.) is open.) are open. nication erro nication erro door unit co door unit co	ower is turne or (Signal rec or (Transmitti nnecting wire	d on) ceiving error) ing error) (Ou e, excessive	(Outdoor unit) utdoor unit) number of indoor		r more)	

The block equare		indiantan a	owitch	nonition
The black square	()	inuicales a	SWILLI	position

		The black square () indicates a switch	position.
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) −40 to 90	-40 to 90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When −10°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ → 10 → □□ t	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge temperature (TH4) 3 to 217	3 to 217 (When the discharge thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 105°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 05 \rightarrow \square$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The output step of outdoor FAN 0 to 10	0 to 10	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The number of ON/OFF times of com- pressor 0 to 9999	0 to 9999 (When the number of times is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 42500 times (425 ×100 times) 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $4 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow 25$	100 times
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor integrating operation times 0 to 9999	0 to 9999 (When it is 100 hours or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 2450 hours (245 ×10 hours) 0.5 s $0.5 s$ 2 s $2 \rightarrow 45 \rightarrow 2$	10 hours
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor operating current 0 to 50	0 to 50 Note: Omit the figures after the decimal fractions.	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor operating frequency 0 to 255	0 to 255 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 125 Hz 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow \square$	Hz
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-A opening pulse 0 to 480	0 to 480 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 150 pulse 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow \square$	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error postponement code history (1) of outdoor unit	Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in the case of no postponement.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operation mode when the last error occurred	Operation mode of when operation stops due to error is displayed by setting SW2 like below. (SW2) ON	Code display

SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) when the last error occurred -40 to 90	-40 to 90 (When the coil thermistor detects 0°C or below, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When -15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s - \Box -15 - \Box	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor temperature (TH34) or the discharge temperature (TH4) when the last error occurred 3 to 217	3 to 217 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 130°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $\Box 1 \rightarrow 30 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The compressor operating current when the last error occurred 0 to 50	0 to 50	A
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error history (1) (latest) The alternate display of abnormal unit number and code	When no error history, " 0 " and "– –" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error history (2) The alternate display of error unit num- ber and code	When no error history, " 0 " and "– –" are displayed by turns.	Code display
ON	The thermostat ON time 0 to 999	0 to 999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 245 minutes 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $2 \rightarrow 45 \rightarrow \Box$	Minute
123456	The test run elapsed time 0 to 120	0 to 120 (When it is 100 minutes or more, the hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 105 minutes 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 05 \rightarrow \square$	Minute
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The number of connected indoor units 0 to 3	0 to 3 (The number of connected indoor units is displayed.)	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The capacity setting display	Displayed as an outdoor capacity code.CapacityCodeSW75V14SW100V, 100Y20SW120V, 120Y25	Code display

The black square	(indicates	a switch	position.
------------------	---	-----------	----------	-----------

	1	The black square (II) indicates a switch	-
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor unit setting information	 The tens digit (Total display for applied setting) Setting details Display details H·P / Cooling only 0: H·P 1: Cooling only Single phase / 3 phase 0: Single phase 2: 3 phase The ones digit Setting details Display details Defrosting switch 0: Normal 1: For high humidity (Example) When heat pump, 3 phase and defrosting (normal) are set up, "20" is displayed. 	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2(1)) Indoor 1 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5(1)) Indoor1 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2(2)) Indoor 2 −39 to 88	−39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5(2)) Indoor 2 -39 to 88	−39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor room temperature (TH1) 8 to 39	8 to 39	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor setting temperature 17 to 30	17 to 30	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The pressure saturation temperature (T _{63HS}) −39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The ambient temperature (TH7) −39 to 88	−39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor heat sink temperature (TH8) −40 to 200	(When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge superheat (SHd) 0 to 255 Cooling = TH4-T _{63HS} Heating = TH4-T _{63HS}	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	°C

		The black square (II) indicates a switc	h position.	
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	Number of defrost cycles 0 to FFFE	0 to FFFE (in hexadecimal notation) (When more than FF in hex (255 in decimal), the number is displayed in order of 16 ³ 's and 16 ² 's, and 16 ¹ 's and 16 ⁰ 's places. (Example) When 5000 cycles; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $9 \rightarrow C4 \rightarrow \Box$		
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The input current of outdoor unit 0 to 500	0 to 500 (When it is 100 or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	0.1 A	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-B opening pulse 0 to 480	0 to 480 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)	Pulse	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The U9 error detail history (latest)	DescriptionDisplayNo error00Overvoltage error01Undervoltage error02Input current sensor error04L1-phase open error04Abnormal power synchronous signal08PFC error (SW75VHA)10(Overvoltage/ Undervoltage/ Overcurrent)10PFC/ IGBT error (SW•VHA)20(Undervoltage)20• Display examples for multiple errors: Overvoltage (01) + Undervoltage (02) = 03 Undervoltage (02) + Power-sync signal error (08) = 0A L1 phase open error (04) + PFC error (10) = 14	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The DC bus voltage 180 to 370 (SW75/100/120V) 300 to 750 (SW100/120Y)	180 to 370 (SW75/100/120V) 300 to 750 (SW100/120Y) (When it is 100V or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.)		
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error postponement code history (2) of outdoor unit			
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error postponement code history (3) of outdoor unit	Postponement code display Blinking: During postponement Lighting: Cancellation of postponement "00" is displayed in the case of no postponement.	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error history (3) (Oldest) Alternate display of abnormal unit number and code	When no error history, "0" and "– –" are displayed by turns.	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The error thermistor display [When there is no error thermistor, ["–" is displayed.	 3: Outdoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH3) 4: Discharge thermistor (TH4) 6: 2-phase pipe (TH6) 7: Ambient temperature (TH7) 8: Outdoor heat sink (TH8) 34: Comp. surface thermistor (TH34) 	Code display	
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The operation frequency when the last error occurred 0 to 255	0 to 255 (When it is 100 Hz or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 125 Hz 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $\square 1 \rightarrow 25 \rightarrow \square$	Hz	

014/0 1/2		The black square () indicates a switch	·
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The fan step when the last error occurred 0 to 10	0 to 10	Step
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The LEV-A opening pulse when the last error occurred 0 to 480	0 to 480 (When it is 100 pulse or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 130 pulse 0.5 s $0.5 s$ $2 s1 \rightarrow 30 \rightarrow \square$	Pulse
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor room temperature (TH1) the last error occurred 8 to 39	8 to 39	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2) when the last error occurred −39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When –15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $-\Box$ → 15 → \Box	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The pressure saturation temperature (T _{63HS}) when the last error occurred -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When −15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $-\Box \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box \Box$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The 2-phase pipe (TH6) when the last error occurred -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When -15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s -□ → 15 → □□ t	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The ambient temperature (TH7) when the last error occurred −39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) Example: When −15°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $-\Box \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The outdoor heat sink temperature (TH8) when the last error occurred −40 to 200	 -40 to 200 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) 	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The discharge superheat (SHd) when the last error occurred 0 to 255 $\begin{bmatrix} Cooling = TH4-T_{63HS} \\ Heating = TH4-T_{63HS} \end{bmatrix}$	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 150°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 50 \rightarrow \square$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The degree of subcooling (SC) when the last error occurred 0 to 255 $\begin{bmatrix} Cooling = T_{63HS}-TH3 \\ Heating = T_{63HS}-TH2 \end{bmatrix}$	0 to 255 (When the temperature is 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 115°C 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \square$	°C

		The black square () indicates a switch	position.
SW2 setting	Display detail	Explanation for display	Unit
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The thermo-on time until error stops 0 to 999	0 to 999 (When it is 100 minutes or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) Example: When 415 minutes 0.5 s $0.5 s$ $2 s4 \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow \Box$	Minute
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Liquid (TH2 (3)) Indoor 3 -39 to 88	−39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "–" and temperature are displayed by turns.)	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The indoor pipe temperature/Cond./Eva. (TH5 (3)) Indoor 3 -39 to 88	-39 to 88 (When the temperature is 0°C or less, "-" and temperature are displayed by turns.) When there is no indoor unit, "00" is displayed.	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The controlling status of compressor operating frequency	The following code will be a help to know the operating status of unit. • The tens digit Display Compressor operating frequency control 1 Primary current control 2 Secondary current control 2 Secondary current control 2 Secondary current control 3 The ones digit (In this digit, the total number of activated control is displayed.) Display Compressor operating frequency control 1 Preventive control for excessive temperature 2 Preventive control for excessive temperature 2 Preventive control for excessive temperature 3 Preventive control for excessive temperature rise of heat sink Example: The following controls are activated. • Primary current control • Primary current control • Preventive control for excessive temperature rise of condensing temperature • LED • Preventive control for excessive temperature • Preventive control for excessive temperature • Preventive control for excessive temperature • Preventive control for excessive temperature • Preventive control for excessive temperature • Preventive control for excessive temperature • Preventive control	Code display
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The comp. surface temperature (TH34) 3 to 217	3 to 217 (When the comp. surface thermistor detects 100°C or more, hundreds digit, tens digit and ones digit are displayed by turns.) (Example) When 105°C; 0.5 s 0.5 s 2 s $1 \rightarrow 05 \rightarrow \square$	°C
ON 1 2 3 4 5 6	The U9 Error details (To be shown while error call is deferred.)	DescriptionDisplayNo error00Overvoltage error01Undervoltage error02Input current sensor error04L1-phase open error04Abnormal power synchronous signal08PFC error (SW75VHA)10(Overvoltage/ Undervoltage/ Overcurrent)10PFC/ IGBT error (SW•VHA)20(Undervoltage)20• Display examples for multiple errors: Overvoltage (01) + Undervoltage (02) = 03 Undervoltage (02) + Power-sync signal error (08) = 0A L1 phase open error (04) + PFC error (10) = 14	Code display

10-8. Request code list

Certain indoor/outdoor combinations do not have the request code function; therefore, no request codes are displayed. Refer to indoor unit service manual for how to use the controllers and request codes for indoor unit.

Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
0	Operation state	Refer to 10-8-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
1	Compressor-Operating current (rms)	0–50	A	
2	Compressor-Accumulated operating time	0–9999	10 hours	
3	Compressor-Number of operation times	0–9999	100 times	
4	Discharge temperature (TH4)	3–217	C	
5	Outdoor unit -Liquid pipe 1 temperature (TH3)	-40-90	°C	
6				
7	Outdoor unit-2-phase pipe temperature (TH6)	-39-88	Ĉ	
8				
9	Outdoor unit-Outside air temperature (TH7)	-39–88	Ĉ	
10	Outdoor unit-Heat sink temperature (TH8)	-40-200	C	
11				
12	Discharge superheat (SHd)	0–255	Ĉ	
13	Degree of subcooling (SC)	0–130	°C	
14	Condensing temperature (Т6знs)	-39-88	°C	
15				
16	Compressor-Operating frequency	0–255	Hz	
17	Compressor-Target operating frequency	0–255	Hz	
18	Outdoor unit-Fan output step	0–10	Step	
19	Outdoor unit-Fan 1 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan motor)	0–9999	rpm	
20	Outdoor unit-Fan 2 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan motor)	0–9999	rpm	"0" is displayed if the air conditioner is a single-fan type.
21				type.
21				
22	LEV (A) opening	0_500	Pulses	
22	LEV (A) opening	0–500	Pulses Pulses	
23	LEV (A) opening LEV (B) opening	0–500 0–500	Pulses Pulses	
23 24	LEV (B) opening	0–500	Pulses	
23 24 25	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50		
23 24 25 26	LEV (B) opening	0–500	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 31 32 33 34 35 36	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	LEV (B) opening Primary current	0–500 0–50	Pulses A	

ode				
Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
50				
51	Outdoor unit-Control state	Refer to 10-8-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
52	Compressor-Frequency control state	Refer to 10-8-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
53	Outdoor unit-Fan control state	Refer to 10-8-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
54	Actuator output state	Refer to 10-8-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
55	Error content (U9)	Refer to 10-8-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
56				
57				
58				
59				
60				
61				
62				
63				
64				
65				
66				
67				
68				
69				
70	Outdoor unit-Capacity setting display	Refer to 10-8-1. Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
71	Outdoor unit-Setting information	Refer to 10-8-1.Detail Contents in Request Code.	-	
72				
73				
74				
75				
76				
77				
78				
79				
80				
81				
82				
83				
84				
85				
86				
87				
88				
89				
90	Outdoor unit-Microprocessor version information	Examples) Ver 5.01 \rightarrow "0501"	Ver	
	· · · · ·	Auxiliary information (displayed after		
91	Outdoor unit-Microprocessor version information (sub No.)	version information) Examples) Ver 5.01 A000 \rightarrow "A000"	-	
-		\Box AU00 \rightarrow AU00		
92				
93				
94				
95				
96				
97				
98				
99				
100	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 1 (latest)	Displays postponement code. (" " is	Code	
	,	displayed if no postponement code is present)		
101	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 2 (previous)	Displays postponement code. (" " is displayed if no postponement code is present)	Code	
-		Displays postponement code. (" " is		
102	Outdoor unit - Error postponement history 3 (last but one)	displayed if no postponement code is present)	Code	
L				·]

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Request code	Request content	Description (Display range)	Unit	Remarks
103	Error history 1 (latest)	Displays error history. ("" is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
104	Error history 2 (second to last)	Displays error history. ("" is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
105	Error history 3 (third to last)	Displays error history. ("" is displayed if no history is present.)	Code	
106	Abnormal thermistor display (TH3/TH6/TH7/TH8)	3 : TH3 6 : TH6 7 : TH7 8 : TH8 0 : No thermistor error	Sensor number	
107	Operation mode at time of error	Displayed in the same way as request code "0".	-	
108	Compressor-Operating current at time of error	0–50	А	
109	Compressor-Accumulated operating time at time of error	0–9999	10 hours	
110	Compressor-Number of operation times at time of error	0–9999	100 times	
111	Discharge temperature at time of error	3–217	°C	
112	Outdoor unit -Liquid pipe 1 temperature (TH3) at time of error	-40-90	°C	
113				
114	Outdoor unit-2-phase pipe temperature (TH6) at time of error	-39-88	°C	
115				
116	Outdoor unit-Outside air temperature (TH7) at time of error	-39-88	°C	
117	Outdoor unit-Heat sink temperature (TH8) at time of error	-40-200	°C	
118	Discharge superheat (SHd) at time of error	0–255	°C	
119	Degree of subcooling (SC) at time of error	0–130	°C	
120	Compressor-Operating frequency at time of error	0–255	Hz	
121	Outdoor unit at time of error • Fan output step	0–10	Step	
122	Outdoor unit at time of error • Fan 1 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan)	0–9999	rpm	
123	Outdoor unit at time of error • Fan 2 speed (Only for air conditioners with DC fan)	0–9999	rpm	"0"is displayed if the air conditioner is a single- fan type.
124				
125	LEV (A) opening at time of error	0–500	Pulses	
126	LEV (B) opening at time of error	0–500	Pulses	
127				
128				
129	Condensing temperature (T63HS) at the time of error	-39-88	°C	
130	Thermostat ON time until operation stops due to error	0–999	Minutes	

10-8-1. Detail Contents in Request Code

[Operation state] (Request code: "0")

Data display



Operation mode

Display	Operation mode
0	STOP • FAN
С	COOL • DRY
Н	HEAT
d	DEFROST

Relay output state

Frequency control state 2

Display	Power currently supplied to compressor	Compressor	Four-way valve	Solenoid valve
0	-	_	-	-
1				ON
2			ON	
3			ON	ON
4		ON		
5		ON		ON
6		ON	ON	
7		ON	ON	ON
8	ON			
А	ON		ON	

[Outdoor unit - Control state] (Request code: "51")

D	Data display		y	State
0	0	0	0	Normal
0	0	0	1	Preparing for heat operation
0	0	0	2	Defrost

[Compressor - Frequency control state] (Request code: "52")

Data display

0 0 * * Frequency control state Frequency control state

Frequency control state

Display	Current limit control	
0	No current limit	
1	Primary current limit control is ON.	
2	Secondary current limit control is ON.	

Display	Discharge temperature	Condensation temperature	Anti-freeze	Heat sink temperature
Display	overheat prevention	overheat prevention	protection control	overheat prevention
0				
1	Controlled			
2		Controlled		
3	Controlled	Controlled		
4			Controlled	
5	Controlled		Controlled	
6		Controlled	Controlled	
7	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled	
8				Controlled
9	Controlled			Controlled
А		Controlled		Controlled
b	Controlled	Controlled		Controlled
С			Controlled	Controlled
d	Controlled		Controlled	Controlled
E		Controlled	Controlled	Controlled
F	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled	Controlled

[Fan control state] (Request code: "53")

* *

Data display 0 0

—Fan step correction value by heat sink temperature overheat prevention control
—Fan step correction value by cool condensation temperature overheat prevention control

Display	Correction value
- (minus)	-1
0	0
1	+1
2	+2

[Actuator output state] (Request code: "54")

Data display 0 0 * *

Actuator output state ① Actuator output state ②

Actuator output state $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$

Display	SV1	Four-way valve	Compressor	Compressor is warming up
0				
1	ON			
23		ON		
3	ON	ON		
4			ON	
5	ON		ON	
6		ON	ON	
7	ON	ON	ON	
8				ON
9	ON			ON
Α		ON		ON
b	ON	ON		ON
С			ON	ON
d	ON		ON	ON
E		ON	ON	ON
F	ON	ON	ON	ON

Actuator of	output	state	2
-------------	--------	-------	---

Display	52C	SV2	SS
0			
1	ON		
2		ON	
3	ON	ON	
4			ON
5	ON		ON
6		ON	ON
7	ON	ON	ON

[Error content (U9)] (Request code: "55")

Data display 0 0 * * Error content 1 Error content 2

Error conte	nt ①			•: Detected
Diaplay	Overvoltage	Undervoltage	L1-phase	Power synchronizing
Display	error	error	open error	signal error
0				
1				
2		•		
3	•	•		
4			•	
5	•		•	
6			•	
7	•		•	
8				
9	•			
А				
b				
С			•	
d			•	
E		•	•	
F	•	•	•	

d	Error cor	itent ②	: Detected
g	Display	Converter Fo error	PAM error
	0		
	1		
	2		
	3		

[Outdoor unit - Capacity setting display] (Request code: "70")

Data display	Capacity
9	35
10	50
11	60
14	71
20	100
25	125
28	140
40	200
50	250

[Outdoor unit - Setting information] (Request code: "71")

Data display 0 0 * *

Setting information ①

-Setting information 2

Setting information ①		
Display	Defrost mode	
0	Standard	
1	For high humidity	

Setting information ②

Cotting internation @		
Display	Single-/	Heat pump/
Display	3-phase	cooling only
0	Single-phase	Heat pump
1	Single-phase	Cooling only
2	3-phase	Heat pump
3	5-phase	Cooling only

DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

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-----> : Indicates the invisible parts in the photos/figures.



OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS/FIGURES
Removing the thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6)	Photo 4
 Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 on the controller circuit board. (See Photo 3) Symbol on the board> TH7/6: Thermistor <ambient, 2-phase="" pipe=""></ambient,> Loosen the fastener on the electrical parts box and unbind the lead wires. Loosen the clamp for the lead wire in the rear of the electrical parts box. Pull out the thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) from the sensor holder. 	Thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) Clamps
Note: When replacing thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6), replace it together with thermistor <ambient> (TH7), since they are combined together. Refer to procedure 5 to remove thermistor <ambient>.</ambient></ambient>	
 Removing the thermistor <ambient> (TH7)</ambient> (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 on the controller circuit board. (See Photo 3) <symbol board="" on="" the=""></symbol> • TH7/6: Thermistor <ambient, 2-phase="" pipe=""></ambient,> (4) Loosen the fastener on the electrical parts box and unbind the lead wires. (5) Loosen the clamp for the lead wire in the rear of the electrical parts box. (See Photo 4) (6) Pull out the thermistor <ambient> (TH7) from the sensor holder.</ambient> 	Photo 5 Lead wire of thermistor <ambient> (TH7)</ambient>
Note: When replacing thermistor <ambient> (TH7), replace it together with thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6), since they are combined together. Refer to procedure 4 to remove thermistor <2-phase pipe>.</ambient>	l Sensor holder
 Removing the thermistor <liquid> (TH3), thermistor</liquid> (Discharge> (TH4) and thermistor <comp. surface=""> (TH34)</comp.> (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Disconnect the connector TH3, TH4, and TH34 on the controller circuit board. (See Photo 3) <symbols board="" on="" the=""></symbols> • TH3: Thermistor <liquid></liquid> • TH4: Thermistor <discharge></discharge> • TH3: Thermistor <comp. surface=""></comp.> (3) Loosen the fastener and the cable strap on the electrical parts box and unbind the lead wires. (4) Loosen the clamp on the separator and unbind the lead wires. (5) Pull out the thermistor <liquid> (TH3) and thermistor <discharge> (TH4) from the sensor holder.</discharge></liquid> [Removing the thermistor<comp. surface=""> (TH34)]</comp.> (6) Remove the compressor cover (upper) and pull out the thermistor <comp. surface=""> (TH34) from the holder of the compressor Comp.surface.</comp.> 	Photo 6 Liquid thermistor (TH3)





OPERATING PROCEDUREPHOTOS/FIGURES14. Removing the muffler(3. Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1)(3. Remove the top panel. (See Photo 3)(3. Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3)(3. Remove the electrical parts box. (See Photo 3)(3. Remove the cover panel (ren/t). (Refer to procedure 8)(5. Remove the cover panel (ren/t). (Refer to procedure 8)(7. Remove the side panel (R). (Refer to procedure 8)(7. Remove the side panel (R). (Refer to procedure 8)(7. Remove the pipe (C-R) assy.
(The muffler can be easily removed if the whole piping incoved.)(7. Remove the muffler.)(10) Remove the muffler.(7. Remove the muffler.)

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PUHZ-SW120VHAR6





	OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS/FIGURES
7.	 Removing the 4-way valve coil (21S4), and LEV coil (LEV(A), LEV(B)) (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) [Removing the 4-way valve coil] (3) Remove 4-way valve coil fixing screw (M5 × 6). (4) Remove the 4-way valve coil by sliding the coil toward you. (5) Disconnect the connector 21S4 (green) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. 	Photo 7 4-way valve coil (21S4) LEV LEV coil (LEV A)
	 (6) Loosen the clamp on the separator and unbind the lead wires. (7) [Removing the LEV coil] (3) Remove the LEV coil by sliding the coil upward. (4) Disconnect the connectors, LEV A (white) and LEV B (red), on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (5) Loosen the clamp on the separator and under the electrical parts box, then unbind the lead wires. 	Charge plug (Low pressure)
8.	 Removing the 4-way valve (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) (3) Remove 3 valve bed fixing screws (4 × 10) and 4 ball valve and stop valve fixing screws (5 × 16) then remove the valve bed. (4) Remove 9 side panel (R) fixing screws (5 × 12) in the rear of the unit then remove the side panel (R). (5) Remove the 4-way valve coil. (See Photo 7) 	4-way valve coil fixing screw Photo 8 High pressure switch (63H)
	(6) Recover refrigerant.(7) Remove the welded part of 4-way valve.	
9.	 Removing LEV (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) (3) Remove the valve bed. (Refer to procedure 8) (4) Remove the side panel (R). (Refer to procedure 8) (5) Remove the LEV. (See Photo 7) (6) Recover refrigerant. (7) Remove the welded part of LEV. 	LEV The second s
		LEV coil (LEV B)
10	 Removing the high pressure switch (63H) (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) (3) Remove the valve bed. (Refer to procedure 8) (4) Remove the side panel (R). (Refer to procedure 8) (5) Pull out the lead wire of high pressure switch. (6) Recover refrigerant. (7) Remove the welded part of high pressure switch. 	 Note 1: Recover refrigerant without spreading it in the air. Note 2: The welded part can be removed easily by removing the right side panel. Note 3: When installing the 4-way valve and LEV cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (120°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized. Note 4: When installing the high pressure switch, cover it with a wet cloth to prevent it from heating (100°C or more), then braze the pipes so that the inside of pipes are not oxidized.



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PUHZ-SW120YHAR6



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Screw9

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OCH755

	OPERATING PROCEDURE	PHOTOS/FIGURES
5.	 Removing the thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6 (red), on the outdoor controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (4) Loosen the fastener on the electrical parts box and unbind the lead wires. (5) Loosen the 2 wire clamps on top of the electrical parts box. (6) Pull out the thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) from the sensor holder. Note: When replacing thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6), replace it together with thermistor <ambient> (TH7) since they are combined together.</ambient> Refer to procedure 6 below to remove thermistor <ambient>.</ambient> 	Photo 5 Electrical parts box Thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6) Clamp
6.	 Removing the thermistor <ambient> (TH7)</ambient> (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Remove the top panel. (See Photo 1) (3) Disconnect the connector TH7/6(red) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (4) Loosen the fastener on the electrical parts box and unbind the lead wires. (5) Loosen the 2 wire clamps on top of the electrical parts box. (See Photo 5) (6) Pull out the thermistor <ambient> (TH7) from the sensor holder.</ambient> Note: When replacing thermistor <ambient> (TH7), replace it together with thermistor <2-phase pipe> (TH6), since they are combined together. Refer to procedure 5 above to remove thermistor <2-phase pipe>.</ambient> 	Photo 6 Lead wire of thermistor <ambient> (TH7)</ambient>
7.	 Removing the thermistor <liquid> (TH3), thermistor <discharge> (TH4) and thermistor <comp. surface=""> (TH34)</comp.></discharge></liquid> (1) Remove the service panel. (See Photo 1) (2) Disconnect the connectors, TH3 (white) and TH4 (white), TH34 (red) on the controller circuit board in the electrical parts box. (3) Loosen the cable strap for the lead wire in the front of the electrical parts box. (4) Loosen the fastener on the electrical parts box and unbind the lead wires. (5) Pull out the thermistor <liquid> (TH3) and thermistor <discharge> (TH4) from the sensor holder.</discharge></liquid> [Removing the thermistor<comp. surface=""> (TH34)]</comp.> (6) Remove the sound proof cover (upper) for compressor. (7) Pull out the thermistor <comp. surface=""> (TH34) from the holder of the compressor shell.</comp.> 	Photo 7 Thermistor Liquid> (TH3) Thermistor Comp. surface> Motor for compressor (MC) Thermistor Compressor (MC) Thermistor







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